BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE
Real Estate Brokers.

The Daily Colonist.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE
Real Estate Brokers.

VOL. LXIII--NO. 97. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, APRIL 6, 1890. THIRTY-SECOND YEAR.

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

Town Property and Farming Lands

FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

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THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
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HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet St, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.

Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

LAND FOR SALE.

JAMES BURNS,

INSURANCE AGENT

OFFICE.--No. 5 TROUNCE AVENUE, VICTORIA, B. C.

Has for sale twelve and one-half acres lying between Saanich and Gorge Roads, and fronting on Garbally Road.

This piece of land is very well situated for building sites, has been subdivided and is now offered for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Some advantages of this property are: Its nearness to the centre of the city, and to the foundries and factories on the north side. It lies between two leading thoroughfares to and from town, within five minutes walk of the tram cars. Church and school convenient. For recreation Victoria Arm is in the immediate vicinity. Within the radius of the electric light. Land high and dry, sloping gently to the south, easily drained, good soil, and in every way well adapted for residential purposes.

For plans and all particulars apply at the office of the

GLASGOW AND LONDON FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y,

AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS. me1

MANTLE-:-AND-:-COSTUME

DEPARTMENT.

JACKETS, ULSTERS AND CAPES, In Cloth or Serge, Black and Colored.

TEA GOWNS AND WRAPPERS, In Cashmere, Flannel, and Japanese Silk Embroidered.

CHILDREN'S SUMMER JACKETS.

Blouse Waists---in Flannel, Cotton and Zephyr

In our Dressmaking Department we guarantee satisfaction.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.---THE WHITE HOUSE

NEW SPRING MILLINERY

JUST ARRIVED.

Leading Novelties for Spring and Summer

The choicest selection of English and French Millinery, Trimmings, Ribbons, Flowers and Feathers, made expressly for the Victoria trade by a Fashionable London Milliner.

LADIES' and CHILDRENS' FANCY STRAW HATS

A Large and Fine Assortment.

Pattern Hats and Bonnets, Lace and Muslin Caps, Sun Bonnets, Evening Flowers, Fancy Ribbons, New Designs and Shades. Call early and select, at

MRS. WHITLAW'S

35 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C. mar21

IRVING & JOHNSTON,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Have a Special List of the Most Desirable Property.

RESIDENCE AND ACRE PROPERTY

In this City and vicinity, and in the State of Washington.

Take Time to Carefully Examine Our Lists

IRVING & JOHNSTON.

TROUNCE AVENUE. ap4

>MISSION CITY<

Is destined to become British Columbia's largest inland town. At the

Terminus of the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern Railway,

ON MAIN LINE OF THE C. P. R.

COME EARLY BEFORE THE RAISE. APPLY TO AGENTS.

dec3-tf

ROBINSON & CO.

58 Fort Street,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS. m2-1m

WANTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—a healthy woman as wet nurse to baby five weeks old. Apply between 9 and 10 a. m., and 7 and 8 p. m., to Mrs. J. A Sayward, 312 Government street, Liberal wages to suitable person. ap3-tf

GARDENER wants situation. Englishman; 25 years' experience; best of references. Has had charge of first-class places in England, Address T. Bennett, COLONIST office. ap3-3t

WANTED—Board and Lodging in private family by lady engaged in business during day; must be within 10 minutes walk of post office. Address, stating terms and particulars, P. O. Box 132. mr29-tf

WANTED—Sewing of any kind—plain sewing, dressmaking, or fancy work, by the day or piece. Address "D.," COLONIST. mar28-tf

WANTED—Address of Fred. G. Wilcox, late of Chicago. Last seen at Seattle, July 19th, 1888. Should this come to his notice, or anyone knowing his whereabouts, address C. H. Wilcox, 150 First street, Portland, Or. mc11-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

EASTER -:- TEA.

The Ladies of ST. JAMES' CHURCH intend holding an EASTER TEA, in the

CATHEDRAL SCHOOL ROOM,

On Tuesday Even'g, April 8,

Commencing at 8 o'clock.

A choice Programme of Music in preparation.

Admission, including Refreshments, 25c. ap2-6t

CONCERT!

In Aid of the Choir Fund of the Pandora Street Methodist Church, will be held

FRIDAY, 11TH APRIL,

IN THE SCHOOL ROOM PARLORS.

GRAND ORGAN RECITAL during intermission by Prof. Sharpe.

ADMISSION - - 50 CENTS.

Tickets to be obtained from members of the Choir. ap4-1w

CHARITY BALL.—The "Married Ladies' At Home" intend holding a ball in the Assembly Rooms, Fort street, in aid of the Royal Jubilee Hospital fund, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9th, 1890, at 9 p. m.

Ticket, including lady and gentleman, $5.00; extra lady's ticket, $1.00.

May be obtained of members of the "At Home," also from members of the Royal Jubilee Hospital committee. m25.

MRS. A. J. SMITH, President. MRS. M. YOUNG, Sec.-Treas.

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until April 11, 1890, for the construction of a roadway at Port Crescent, Clallam county, Wash. The work includes about 35 acres of clearing, 25,000 cubic yards of excavation, 50,000 lineal feet of cribbing, 1,700 cubic yards of gravel dressing and 1,500 square feet of bridging. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved. For particulars apply to Port Crescent Improvement Co., Port Crescent, Wash. ap3-1w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received for the erection of a three-story brick building on Langley street up to 4 o'clock Thursday, the 10th of April.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Fred. Carne, Angel Hotel, Langley street.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

H. O. TIEDEMAN, Architect.

mr29

B. C. St. George's Society,

MEMBERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Annual Meeting of the Society will be held on Friday the 11th inst., at 8 p. m., (in place of Good Friday, the 4th instant.)

Business: Election of Officers.

A full attendance is requested,

By order,

JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.

ap2

SPRING

GOODS

ARRIVING

Call AND Examine

C. L. TERRY,

Cash Dry Goods,

COR. BROAD AND YATES STS.

sep14-1yr-dw

NOTICE.

ANDREW TOLMIE having leased the premises occupied by me for so many years at 45 and 47 Yates street, will carry on the business in conjunction with Duncan Stewart, under the name of

TOLMIE & STEWART,

and by a careful selection of liquors and strict attention to business will keep up the well established reputation of the house.

Thanking my friends for their patronage in the past, I would request a continuation of the same for my successors.

JOHN BOYD.

Several comfortable furnished rooms to let on reasonable terms. ap2-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—Saddle, mounted infantry, first-rate order, English make. Also, salmon trout rod, reel and line—English make, quite new, with landing net. Apply "X.," this office. ap6-2t

DELMONICO -:- RESTAURANT.

SUNDAY, APRIL 6.

To anyone wishing a first-class DINNER,

Come to the Delmonico to-night.

Dinner served from 5 to 8 o'clock, p. m.

MONS. E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

ap6-1t

ANGELA COLLEGE

VICTORIA, B. C.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR young ladies, will

Re-open on Thursday, April 10th

Principal—MISS DUPONT. ap6-1mo

For Naas River and Way Ports.



The Steamer BARBARA BOSCOWITZ,

Will sail for the north on

Tuesday, April 8, at 6 p. m.

For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Agent, Government St.

ap6

PROF. FOSTER'S

ATHLETIC-:-ROOMS,

Corner Fort and Wharf Streets.

A GRAND EXHIBITION

—WILL BE GIVEN—

On Easter Monday Evening, at 8 o'clock,

—AND—

ALSO A GRAND BOXING TOURNAMENT,

By men from H. M. S. Amphion and Prof. Foster's pupils.

Songs and Dances by the best local talent.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS. ap6-1t

CONCERT

Thursday, April 10th,

—AT THE—

Victoria West C. E. Mission Room.

Admission (including refreshments), 50c.

Tickets can be obtained at the Music Stores and Booksellers. ap6-td

GRAND CLOSING SOCIAL

By the Y. P. L. A. of the

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

—IN THE—

School Room, Tuesday Evening,

April 8th, at 8 o'clock.

The following ladies and gentlemen have kindly consented to take part:—Misses O'NEIL, HUMBER and MCGREGOR. Messrs. BROWN, FIRTH, NASH, GRANT, LANDELLS, MOIR and KINNAIRD.

TICKETS, 50 CENTS.

To be had from members of the Association ap6-td

CONCERT

TEMPERANCE HALL.

Wednesday Evening, April 9

Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Calvary Baptist Church. Some of the best talent in the city will take part in the concert.

The "COLLOQUY OF NATIONS"

Will be given in costume. ap6-3t

NOTICE.

REHEARSAL FOR ERMINIE, on Monday, April 7th, in Philharmonic Hall, 8 o'clock sharp.

ap6-1t E. PFERDNER.

LIP KEE, TAILOR And Employment Office,

No. 6 Cormorant St., Victoria, B. C.

ap6-1mo

Notice to Contractors

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned on or before Saturday, the 19th day of April at 12 o'clock noon, for the erection of a Catholic Cathedral to be built on the corner of Blanchard and View streets, this city.

Plans and specifications may be seen at my office (Craft & Norris block), Douglas street, on and after Tuesday, 25th inst.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

P. H. DONOVAN, Superintendent.

mc23

FOR SALE.

ESTATE containing Fifteen Lots, with House, Stables, etc., on Vancouver st. Splendid investment—don't hesitate, prices are advancing.

Call and examine our bargains in City and Suburban property.

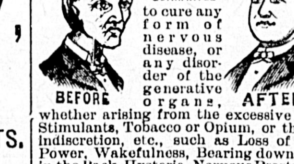
ROBOTHAM, PAGE & CO.

Real Estate Brokers, Commission Agents, and Stock Share Brokers. m21-1m

SHOULD sufficient inducement be given before April 20th, Mr. W. M. Cross will visit this city weekly for the purpose of giving a Pianoforte course to a limited number of those desiring his instruction. For terms and general information enquire of the principal music dealers in this city, or address P. O. Box 458, Vancouver. ap4 6t

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded,



IS SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.

WESTERN BRANCH,

Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY

E. C. KELLOGG, DRUGGIST,

Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,

tno28-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

jan1-1y R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

The Tariff Changes Introduced by Hon. Mr. Foster.

The New Duties Not Meeting with Unanimous Approval—The Budget Debate—Some Great Speeches.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, March 28.—I suppose there was hardly a business man in Canada who does anything of an import trade but what had his thoughts turned Ottawawards yesterday. I have seen more crowded galleries on budget day in the commons, but perhaps there has never been manifested amongst the members themselves so much interest in the prospective tariff changes. Last year and the year before delegation after delegation came to Ottawa, pressing for tariff revision, and although no promises were made on the part of the government, many believed that certain changes would be made. It turned out, however, that they were doomed to disappointment. This session, comparatively early, the announcement was made by Sir John Macdonald that the government intended to bring down some important tariff resolutions, and to-day the changes have gone into effect. It is needless for me to say much about Mr. Foster's statistics. The result of the operations of last year was announced some months ago, the surplus being $1,865,035. The surplus for the current year, which ends in June, is estimated at about $2,700,000, and the estimated surplus for next year $2,500,000. The revenue this year will be about $39,200,000, and next year it is expected it will be about the same. A profit of nearly $3,000,000 on a business of less than $40,000,000 is not bad. There is this drawback, however, that the increase in the public debt, hitherto larger than the nominal surpluses of revenue over expenditure, is over $1,000,000 larger this year also, but it is consoling that Mr. Foster promised last year, and reiterated the promise yesterday, that there would be no further increase in the national debt up to 1892, and that after that we shall begin to pay the debt off. When Mr. Foster had recited his figures he launched out into a glowing panegyric of

THE DOMINION'S PROGRESS AND GREATNESS

and his eloquent compliment to the foresight and courage of the statesmen, who with a sublime faith in our future, had dared at an early stage in our then insecure national experiment to incur the great financial responsibilities they did, was well worth listening to. The Minister then proceeded to devote an hour to the principal changes he proposed to make in the customs duties, a synopsis of which was duly telegraphed to THE COLONIST. Every collector of customs in the country will receive a copy of the amended tariff by mail, and the printed lists will reach Victoria simultaneously with the arrival of this letter. It is needless, therefore, for me to occupy space in referring to the changes at length, as it will be possible for any person interested to procure copies. I am bound to say, however, that amongst the Ministerialists the changes do not meet with unanimous approbation. The amended tariff will undoubtedly be a grand thing for Ontario, but it strikes pretty hard at some of the other provinces. One Conservative member from Nova Scotia, representing a constituency one half of the voters in which are coal miners, told me to-day that it would be utterly impossible for him to face the music of another election and to satisfactorily explain the increase in the duty on flour from 50 to 75 cents per barrel. The Ontario members are simply delighted with this change, and one of them said to me today that if Sir John went to the country to-morrow simply on the tariff issue he would receive a tremendous majority from the premier province. The farmers are tickled with the increased duty on pork and beef, the millers, along with the farmers, will profit largely by an increased duty on flour, while the fruit producers and nurserymen benefit by the reimposition of the duties which were taken off two years ago by a fluke. British Columbia gains by the removal of

THE DUTY ON MINING MACHINERY,

and in this connection some observations which Col. Prior made to me to-night may not be out of place. Said he: "The concession, which the Government has made in placing mining machinery on the free list, will not only be a boon to the province of British Columbia, but an act of justice as well. Although Canadian manufacturers may lose a little for a year or two, it will be better for them in the end, as they will be able to see now what kind of machinery is required for mining. Without free mining machinery I am perfectly certain that there would have been no mines developed in British Columbia within a reasonable time, but now that American capitalists, particularly, see that they can get their machininery in at a reasonable figure they will be sure to invest large sums of money in the Kootenay country and at other accessible points near the railway. The British Columbia members have been hammering away at the government to secure this concession for the last three years, and it is some satisfaction to us to know that at last our efforts have been crowned with success." "What about the three years limitation?" asked THE COLONIST correspondent. "At the present time," said the genial colonel, "I consider that that limitation will be quite ample. Sufficient time is afforded in three years to demonstrate beyond a doubt what are the different classes of ores that will have to be treated, and thus we shall be able to see what kind of machinery will have to be used. I am a strong upholder of the N. P., and as soon as this is known I believe that our own Canadian manufacturers will be able to supply the machinery we want. Our iron works in Victoria can make any machinery that is required for any class of mining, but the reason they have not done this hitherto has been that the patterns cost several thousand dollars, and no machine shop would care to go to the large expense of buying patterns for any special class of machinery unless they were certain they could sell a good quantity of these machines. As soon, however, as it is ascertained what classes of mining machinery will be most required in the province,

OUR VICTORIA IRON WORKS

would at once be prepared to go to the outlay of procuring patterns and putting themselves in the position to manufacture the necessary mining outfits. I am very sorry that the government has seen fit to propose to the House an increase in the duties on flour and beef, as I consider an increase on these two articles most detrimental to the interests of our province. When I say this I believe I am speaking the sentiments of the whole of the B. C. contingent, although I have no authority to say so. I greatly regret that the government has made a change in these two articles.

Shortly afterwards THE COLONIST correspondent ran across Mr. Earle, and asked him what he thought of the tariff changes. Said he: "We are pretty well satisfied with the arrangement with reference to the admission of mining machinery. We are thoroughly convinced that the machinery we want is not now made in Canada. Every enquiry has been made to ascertain if it could be obtained within the Dominion, and, therefore, as the machinery is not made here this concession will enable us to get it in free. Several large and influential companies are ready to embark largely in crushing, smelting and everything in connection with mining, and it only required the removal of the heavy duties on what is probably the most valuable machinery of its kind in the world to induce them to embark upon what is at the best a somewhat risky enterprise. Mining is always a hazardous undertaking to capitalists, and therefore, I think, we ought at all times to do what we can for the purpose of encouraging this industry, an industry which is of the greatest importance to our people, probably the most important of any industry in B. C. With regard to the three years limitation, that was what we asked for. Early in the session, when

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MEMBERS

waited upon the Government in a body, we represented that it would be an advantage to the manufacturers of machinery in Canada if we were successful in getting our mines developed, as by the free importation of machinery for three years there would be a sufficient market created for further machinery, and an inducement to them to obtain the patterns and build the machinery in Canada. As it is, the manufacturers know so little of what is really required, and will not know until they see the machinery we want in actual operation, that it will be a positive advantage to them for us to bring in the machinery free for a while. The concession will actually have created a market for them. With regard to the advance in the duty on flour, I believe all the British Columbia members are opposed to it. Hearing of the strong pressure which was being put upon the Government to increase the duties, we, early in the session, made representations to the Government for the duty to be kept at 50 cents a barrel. We did so for the reason that British Columbia has to import the larger amount of the flour which she consumes than is made in the province, and consequently the increased duty will most likely enhance the price to our consumers. We have this crumb of satisfaction, however, that we have succeeded in inducing the Government not to make the duty $1 a barrel as was asked for by the Ontario millers. I believe it was the intention of the Government to advance the duty to $1 a barrel, and I think it is largely due to the representations of the B. C. members, as well as those from the maritime provinces, that we have succeeded in keeping down the advance to 25 cents a barrel, instead of 50 cents as was asked for."

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

It is most discouraging to have to put up, year after year, with the blue ruin speeches of Sir Richard Cartwright. Following the Minister of Finance, he gave us for over two hours one of his doleful ditties of the ruin and desolation which is overtaking Canada on the one hand, and the necessity of free trade with the United States, on the other. Referring to the McKinley Bill, now before Congress, he claimed that if it passed it would simply be a result of the ill-advised actions of the government, who had seemed to do everything in their power to aggravate and annoy the States, and now if they hit back by means of this bill, which would do a great injury to many Canadians, it would be entirely the fault of the government. After Sir Richard Cartwright had concluded, Dr. Ferguson, of Welland, rose and asked if it were true that Sir Richard Cartwright was at Washington at the time the McKinley tariff was proposed, and he desired to give the honorable gentleman an opportunity to state to the House whether or not the rumor was true. Evidently Sir Richard did not like the question. He flushed, looked uncomfortable, and finally blurted out that he knew nothing about the McKinley tariff. He said he never was consulted about it nor had a word to say about it. Sir John Macdonald reminded him that that was not an answer to the question, but Sir Richard declined to give any further satisfaction, and the House had to draw its own inferences. Mr. Colby, the new president of the Privy Council, replied to the ex-finance minister, and his speech is acknowledged on all hands to have been one of the most valuable contributions on tariff matters of late years. He clearly proved the fallacy of Sir Richard Cartwright's statistics, and showed from competent authorities that many of the States of the Union were in a far worse condition than adjacent States of the Union. He then made an incidental reference to the wonderful growth of Canadian cities, and presented a glowing picture of the prospects ahead of us. Yesterday the debate was continued by Messrs. Paterson, Charlton, Peter White and others.

ONTARIO MATTERS.

A good deal of attention has been devoted this week to the proceedings of another legislative body, namely the Toronto House of Assembly. If all that we hear be true, there have been some lively times in the little ramshackle building on Front street. This is the last session of the present Legislature; it is therefore the fighting session, and the fight of the session has taken place this week. As British Columbians are doubtless aware, under the British North America Act the Roman Catholics of Ontario are guaranteed to them, their separate schools. The opposition allege that the Mowat government, instead of recognizing that prima facie all ratepayers should be considered public school supporters unless they declared their adhesion to the separate schools, and that thereby they have been undermining the great principles of our school system. It is urged, and with good reason doubtless, that every effort should be made to promote the public school system of the province, and that as little encouragement as possible should be given towards developing the separate schools, outside, of course, what the Roman Catholics are fairly entitled to under the constitution. There appear to be grounds for the belief that Mr. Mowat has been dickering with the hierarchy, and accordingly Mr. Meredith's proposal to define clearly that all ratepayers are supporters of the public schools, until they declare themselves otherwise, has been pressed with a good deal of energy by the Conservative opposition, and opposed with equally as great force by the Liberals, who allege that there are no grounds for the stand the opposition are taking, and that the only desire the opposition had was to excite Protestant feeling against the Roman Catholics. Mr. Meredith's bill was thrown out by 54 to 33, but this will not end the matter. This question will be the great rallying cry of the party, opposed to the present administration, during the general elections, which are to take place in two or three months time. What the result will be, it is futile to speculate upon. Mr. Mowat has been in power now for over eighteen years, and during that time Mr. Meredith has been leading almost a forlorn hope. Certainly there has been little satisfaction for him in being for such a long period in the cold shades of opposition. It is thought, however, that his chances of accession to the Premiership are rosier to-day than ever they were before. A good deal of dissatisfaction prevails amongst the old Presbyterian element, who for years have constituted themselves the backbone of Mr. Mowat's supporters, but they do not like his truckling to the Roman Catholic hierarchy, and it is said that a strong feeling prevails throughout the province that it is about time this was stopped. Whether, however, this feeling is sufficient to change parties, the elections of next June will alone decide.

IMMIGRATION.

The strong representations which have been made to the government in favor of the adoption of an energetic immigration policy are likely to bear fruit at no distant date. The Manitoba and Northwest members have been very assiduous this session in their advocacy of a scheme of immigration something on a par with that of the Australasian colonies or the Argentine Republic. They have seen, with sorrow, thousands of persons, constituting the very pick of the mother land, leaving for South America or Australia, while to Canada very few are coming, although in our own Northwest we have a grain-growing region unequalled on the face of the globe. Talking with a Northwest member the other day he said: "I think the government could well afford to rest awhile with their policy of aiding railways in the older provinces. If we could only get a railway into the rich Saskatchewan country, say to Prince Albert and Edmonton — the Prince Albert road will be finished by the end of this year—and with one other line, say, connecting Calgary and Ft. McLeod with the railway system of Montana, and the construction of the Hudson Bay line, these will suffice for the Northwest in regard to railway accommodation for a number of years to come. What I now desire the government to do, is to spend say a million a year, for the next five years, out of our surpluses, with the sole object of bringing in selected immigrants and locating them upon our rich prairie lands. It is to this object that I am going to devote myself, and I feel satisfied that eventually we shall be successful in inducing the government to do something."

CAPITAL NOTES.

Mr. Christie, Q.C., the Conservative Candidate for Ottawa.

Revenue and Expenditure for the Nine Months Ending March—Agitation Against Overhead Wires.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

OTTAWA, Ont., April 4.—The revenue for the nine months ending March 31st was $29,118,000, and the expenditure $22,764,000, showing a surplus of $6,354,000. Both revenue and expenditure are far ahead of last year.

Owing to the agitation for the burial of electric light, telegraph and telephone wires under ground, a company has been formed to manufacture conduits for the purpose.

The Wimbledon team sails on June 18th.

The British Columbia members are visiting different points of Ontario during the Easter recess.

Christie, Q.C., is already in the field as the conservative candidate for Ottawa.

DEATH OF D. CHISHOLM, M. P.

Westminster's Member Passes Away After a Long Illness—Sketch of His Life.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., April 5.—Donald Chisholm, M. P., died at 11 o'clock last night, after a long and weary illness. He was one of the pioneers of both California and British Columbia, having first gone to California in '49, and from there came to B. C. in 1858. He was connected with many enterprises, and was a moderately rich man at his death. He was elected to the Dominion parliament in 1887 and served faithfully and well during the time he was able to attend to business. The deceased was born at Lower South River, Antigonish, in 1822, of Scotch parentage.

The funeral takes place at 11 o'clock Monday morning.

PERSONAL.

S. Maclure is in the city.

A. S. Farwell is in town.

J. Horne, of Vancouver, is in town.

Dr. Duncan has returned from the interior.

Col. J. C. Haines, of Seattle, is in the city.

James Orr, M. P. P., is back from Westminster.

Rev. Mr. Tait arrived from the mainland last evening.

Hon. F. G. Vernon returned from the mainland last evening.

S. T. Gere, manager of the Hotel Vancouver, is in the city.

J. S. Yates and bride returned by the Olympian last evening.

Mrs. Joseph Hunter returned from Kamloops on Friday evening.

J. A. Carthew leaves for the north by the Boscowitz on Tuesday.

Dr. T. L. Davis and A. Richardson, of Nanaimo, are at the Driard.

A. Gilmore and W. F. Bullen came over on the Islander last evening,

Mrs. A. R. Campbell, of Sehome is visiting with friends in the city.

A. L. Cameron and J. L. Easton, of Tacoma, are registered at the Driard.

E. E. Ellis, general agent of the Union Pacific at Tacoma, is in the city.

Lewis Levy and J. C. Mallette were passengers by the Sound steamer yesterday.

J. W. Creighton and wife, of Westminster, are spending Easter in this city.

Mrs. Wm. Dee returned from Toronto, where she had been visiting her parents, on Good Friday evening.

Wyman Clark arrived from Toronto on Friday night and will spend the summer in Victoria.

Wm. Gill, of the Inland Revenue Department, has returned from a trip to the mainland.

C. A. Goffin, of the Bank of British Columbia, at present at Nanaimo, is in town. He returns to the Coal City on Tuesday.

D. R. Harris returned on Friday night from an extended trip to England and the continent. He was only fifteen days traveling from London to Victoria.

Dr. Child's Pile Ointment quickly relieves and cures. $1 of druggists. Wholesale agents, Langley & Co., Victoria. mr30-3m

Paul E. Wirt's fountain pens, at T. N. HIBBEN & Co's.

Only about one-half the distance, as to Cadboro Bay, location just as desirable, and price $275 per lot. Bourchier, Croft & Mallette.

Enquire for Fernwood lots near the tramway line, adjoining Col. Dupont's residence.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

Absolute Secrecy Enforced Regarding the Czar's Condition.

Stanley Expresses Himself as Displeased With the Action of Emin Bey—The Primrose League.

AFFAIRS IN ST. PETERSBURG.

LONDON, April 4.—The absolute secrecy observed by the authorities at St. Petersburg in regard to the condition of the czar has left the way clear for a flood of rumors of the most diversified, and in many cases most improbable character. Not only is secrecy maintained in the matter of permitting reports to go abroad, but the same degree of popular ignorance concerning his majesty prevails in St. Petersburg where the people are even forbidden to indulge in public speculation on the subject. It is permitted to be known, however, that intense excitement exists in the Russian capital, and that it is on the increase. The closing of the universities has swelled the popular discontent by the realization that such action has practically ruined the future careers of thousands of young men who, by the deprivation of the ensuing year's course in the institutions from which they are debarred, they will be compelled to devote themselves to other pursuits, if, indeed, their enforced leisure does not lead them into dangerous paths. Discontent on this account has spread among hundreds of thousands who would otherwise be content to let things drift along in the old way, so as to divert popular opinion from the unsettled state of affairs at home. The Nova Vremya urges that more attention be paid by the government to affairs in Afghanistan and India, and warns the government to beware of British intrigue in the former territory, which it believes are already in progress.

THE PRIMROSE LEAGUE.

The Primrose league is about to publish in pamphlet form for distribution as an election document a speech recently delivered by Sir William T. Marriott, Conservative member for Brighton, on the report of the Parnell commission. In this address, which is by all odds, the most offensive Tory utterance on the subject yet made, Sir William asserted that the report is the direction of the accused members of all the criminal charges made against them, and took the ground that the government, having accepted the report, must necessarily punish the culprits. As the action of the Primrose league in publishing the report is equivalent to an official endorsement of the speech, since its issuance from such a source must obviously have received ministerial sanction, there is much indignation in liberal circles at what is regarded in that quarter as a contemptible act.

EMIN BEY'S SILENCE.

Emin Bey has not written a single line to Stanley or to Parke since the explorer arrived at Bagamoyo. Stanley expresses regret and surprise that Emin did not come to Cairo and pay his respects to the khedive, and supposes that his reason was that he was unable, from his long absence in the interior of Africa, to adapt himself to civilized life.

RUSSIA DEMANDS MONEY.

Russia has notified Turkey that the sums paid on account of arrears of the war indemnity securities are not sufficient, and therefore if the new loan which Turkey proposes to raise is subscribed for she will demand priority for the payment of her claims before the money is devoted to other purposes.

DUELLING IS FORBIDDEN.

A cabinet order has been issued forbidding dueling in the German army, except where a council of men of honor shall declare the duel necessary.

SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

It is rumored that the Parnell-O'Shea case has been settled out of court.

KOOTENAY NEWS.

Bright Prospects for Ainsworth Camp—Railway Matters—Weather—Politics, Etc.

(Correspondence of THE COLONIST.)

AINSWORTH, March 27, 1890.

TO THE EDITOR:—The prospects of this camp look bright. Last week Dr. Hendryx struck his large vein at a depth of 210 feet from the surface, and at a distance of 575 feet from the mouth of the tunnel. The ore looks magnificent—at least 60 per cent. lead, or a high grade of silver. This is the ledge which he cross-cut last fall a width of 86 feet. The Skyline at a depth of 175 feet looks better than it ever has before. The ore which has hitherto been shipped from this mine yielded in Montana over $300 net per ton. The owners of this mine will erect a concentrator during the season. The Spokane Company, the Pearl Co. on Woodbury creek, the Neosho Co. and a few others are showing up good bodies of ore, and will score a point during the summer. PROSPECTOR.

TO THE EDITOR:—Dr. Hendryx has just struck into the ore body in the tunnel which he was driving into the Blue Bell. It is said to be just as fine a body of galena as that found in the shaft. It is generally understood that Dr. Hendryx's company had fully decided on erecting a smelter in this vicinity, contingent on the above fact.

We were all very much disappointed on hearing that the railway bill (Spokane Falls and Northern) had been knocked out in Ottawa. No doubt "some one has blundered" in the matter. We don't, however, endorse the impotent raving of a recent correspondent to the Times in connection therewith; whose violent and abusive language will rank him as a leader in the great army of "dirt slingers."

The Federal Government won't be able to support the C. P. R. as monopolists, so far as this section is concerned, notwithstanding their refusal to grant a charter to Mr. Corbin. The Northern Pacific, it is understood, have made arrangements to build a line from Kootenay station to the international boundary on the Kootenay river. This line, although not so convenient as Mr. Corbin's would have been, will be far ahead of the short line proposed by the C. P. R.

Report also sayeth that the Great Northern (Manitoba) Railway will soon decide whether their route will be via Bonnars or by the Cœur d'Alene. The engineers of the road, it is said, have reported in favor of the first route, and if so built, will give us another outlet to the world.

The weather has been cold and chilly, in consequence of which the ice is not out of the river. This is likely to be within one week. The steamer Salina is all ready, waiting for that event to make its first trip. X.

A CIRCULAR.

TO THE EDITOR:—A circular letter dated the 13th inst., signed by Mr. G. M. Sproat, is being distributed in this section. In his letter the gentleman egotistically assumes a dictatorship that is distasteful to the mass of residents here, and I am sure I echo the sentiment of the many when I say that we are in no wise indebted to Mr. Sproat for his interference, ostensibly in our behalf, as we lack confidence in the man and believe selfishness only induces him to devote any time to our troubles. Moreover, we do not deem his methods conducive to the accomplishment of good, and we particularly condemn his bitterly antagonist letters to the government and individual members as not politic.

Whatever Mr. Baker or Mr. Mara's shortcomings in the matter of legislation affecting this section may be, we do not wish to be understood as in any way authorizing Mr. Sproat to champion our cause—we are not built that way.

We do think that we have been neglected in the past, and more especially while our self-constituted exponent was in a position to assist us, i.e., Gold Commissionership, but we think that a more liberal and intelligent move in our behalf is now in progress and we are not anxious to check it by incurring the enmity of its projectors by the rabid methods Mr. Sproat adopts.

KOOTENAI.

Kootenay, March 25th, 1890.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY—ISLAND VS. MAINLAND.

Nanaimo and Comox being unable to play, the following team has been selected for the match with the Mainland to-morrow afternoon: C. Roberts, full back; W. A. Ward, W. Fisher, H. B. Rogers, three quarters; W. Langley, H. T. Martin, half backs; L. Crease, H. C. Burstall, W. Kennedy, W. H. Langley, W. Allison, G. Wilson, J. Musgrave, E. E. Billinghurst, E. Miller, forwards. The team are requested to be at the Colonist hotel at 2.30 p.m., and the ball will be kicked off at 3 sharp. Although the inability of Nanaimo to take part in the game has occasioned considerable disappointment, the Victoria men are determined to do their best, and a splendid match may be looked for. The Mainland team will be banquetted at the Clarence hotel to-morrow evening, and tickets may be had of the captain, secretary, or any of the Victoria team, and also at the door.

The mainland team will consist in to-morrow's match of the following players: Full back, McLaren; three-quarter backs, A. B. Williams, R. P. Woodward, J. C. Whyte; half backs, J. O. Benwell, C. H. Woodward; forwards, Lister, Mowatt, Corbett, Morrison, Horne, Dawson, Harvey, F. Johnson, Malcolm.

A game of Rugby football was played on Good Friday at Hastings between H. M. S. Acorn and a fifteen of the Vancouver club. Throughout the match the visitors were hard pressed by the home team. In the first half Vancouver scored two goals—one well dropped by Benwell from the field. In the second, Creery obtained a try from which Benwell kicked a goal, and Evans secured a try. The Acorns in this half also scored a try. Lieut. Gillott ably captained the visitors, who all played up well, while for Vancouver, Benwell, Evans and Harvey were conspicuous for good play.

THE RIFLE.

A general meeting of the Victoria Rifle Association was held in Mr. J. L. Beckwith's rooms last evening, Col. Wolfenden in the chair. The following officers were elected for the coming year: President, Col. Wolfenden (re-elected); Capt. P. Æ. Irving, vice-president (re-elected); B. Williams, secretary (re-elected); A. G. Sargison, treasurer. The council remain as last year. It was resolved to commence the weekly spoon competitions in three classes next Saturday, at 200, 500 and 600 yards, with the long Snider. A committee was also appointed to solicit new members, and only members will be allowed the use of the range.

A rifle match between the Vancouver Gun Club and a team from H.M.S. Acorn was shot at the Terminal City on Friday. The result was a victory for the local team by 124 points. The distances were 200, 500 and 600 yards.

BASEBALL.

The Lyndale Baseball Club, of Kamloops, has organized for the summer, and will put a strong team in the field, and James Wright will manage the club this season with H. Smith as secretary-treasurer. F. W. Marsh has returned from the Sound where he arranged matches with Seattle, Port Townsend, Tacoma and Portland. The Lyndales will take two trips down the Sound this summer, playing in New Westminster, Vancouver or Victoria on May 24, whence they will proceed to the American side; and again about July 1st, playing in Port Townsend on Independence Day. The club are also making arrangements for a grand baseball tournament to be held in Kamloops during the Inland Exhibition in August. On behalf of the Kamloops club, F. W. Marsh challenges the Victoria Baseball Club to play a game of baseball, either in Victoria, New Westminster or Vancouver, on the 24th of May.

HERE AND THERE.

ATHLETICS.

Prof. Foster will hold a boxing tournament at his athletic club rooms to-morrow evening, men from H.M.S Amphion and the professor's pupils taking part. The programme will include songs and dances by local talent.

STARBOARD WATCH VS. PORT WATCH.

A well contested game of rounders was played on Good Friday in the R. N. canteen grounds by fourteen men of the starboard and port watches of H.M.S. Amphion. The port watch won by one run. At the conclusion of the game both teams, accompanied by a number of their shipmates, returned to Mr. Pearce's, Esquimalt hotel, and there partook of a substantial dinner. The usual toast list, including the health of the popular first lieutenant (G. J. S. Warrender) having been drunk, a very convivial evening was spent. Songs were rendered by Messrs. Wallace, Hocking, Manning, Hucker, Connor, Knott and Hulbert, Mr. McMallion, yeoman of signals, accompanying on the violin and piano.

NEW BOOKS.

The Council of Ten, by Cobb.
Patience Pettigrew's Perplexities.
The Girl of the People.
Was ever Woman in this Humor Wooed, by Gibbon.
Thou Shalt Not.
His Private Character.
For sale by T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

The best offer of Victoria property yet made, either for building purposes or speculation. Sale of Lots in new subdivision commences Monday, 31st, March, at the office of Bourchier, Croft & Mallette.

Buy Fernwood lots now before the rise in prices. Easy terms. Enquire of agents.

The Last Coup, by Hawley Smart, at T. N. HIBBEN & Co.'s.

Spaulding's Base Ball Goods, for sale by T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

Electro-plated Goods at CHEAPSIDE.

Own your own home. Only $275 for a lot adjacent to the Tramway. Bourchier, Croft & Mallette.

The Colonist

SUNDAY, APRIL 6, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY W. H. ELLIS. A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.
THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOV'T ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

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TRANSIENT ADVERTISING — Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than 1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Nonpareil, in the first column of third page, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted among local or other reading matter, 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No special notice inserted for less than $2.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

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Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by special instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisments discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

MINING MACHINERY.

The importance of placing mining machinery on the free list, as far as this province is concerned, cannot be overestimated. But to be of advantage to the miners of this province and the capitalists who back them, the machinery must be really free. No one must have it in his power to throw obstacles in the way of the free import of mining machinery.

It is not difficult to see that if the miners of this province are to derive any advantage from the apparent concession made to the mining industry, very much indeed depends upon the way in which the Customs Department interprets item 280 of the revised tariff, and the regulations which it makes regarding that item. The following is the item verbatim:

"Mining machinery imported within three years after the passing of this Act which is, at the time of its importation, of a class or kind not manufactured in Canada."

The Customs Department is, as a rule, by no means liberal in its construction of the tariff. If there is a doubt as to the exact meaning of the words of the tariff the importer does not get the benefit of that doubt, and if rules must be made before the tariff can be applied, the interest or the convenience of the importer is not generally consulted. Miners would be wise if before they import machinery they find out from the Customs Department what constitutes proof that the "kind" or "class" of machinery imported is not manufactured in Canada. Then it would be prudent to have a clear definition of "kind" and "class" in this connection. A narrow and ill-liberal interpretation of the tariff may make the free importation of mining machinery an impossibility. We have read what the Minister of Finance has said on the subject with the hope of getting a hint as to how the tariff is to be construed by the Government officials. But he leaves searchers for information completely in the dark as to the operation of the tariff in this particular. In order that our readers may be fully informed on a subject in which so many of them are deeply interested we reproduce below what the Finance Minister said in his budget speech about the temporary and qualified exemption of mining machinery from duty. On columns 2,644 and 2,645 of the House of Commons Debates we read:

"The House will recollect the discussion which took place here a short time ago on mining machinery, when I urged that the House should defer the discussion until the Government had brought down its tariff measure. All over our country these indications of interest in the development of our mining resources are plain and unmistakable; our resources are being, every year, more and more explored; we are coming ourselves to have a better and more adequate knowledge of the immense wealth we have in this country; and this information is filtering out into other countries, and is producing an interest in the minds of capitalists of other countries, which is continually growing, and which we believe will be productive of large investments in this country. On the whole, it appears to me that we are on the eve of large developments of the mining industries of this country, and in the future we may look for large accretions of interest and increasing employment of labor in the development of the vast mineral and metallic stocks which we have scattered throughout this country from Cape Breton to British Columbia; consequently there has arisen a demand for free mining machinery. It is stated that the best and most improved machinery must be used by experimenters who put their money into enterprises the outcome of which they cannot certainly see. It is felt by them that the very best possible machinery should be got. It is felt by some that for a period at least there should be no restriction whatever on the buying of it, and by others, that there should be no other restriction than that imposed by the consideration whether or not the machinery is made in this country. Looking over the whole question, the Government have come to the conclusion that it will not be wise or prudent to resist this demand at the present time, in the interest of the development of that large part of the country's resources, and it is proposed to allow mining machinery of a class and kind which is not made in Canada at the time of the importation, to be imported into this country free for the period of three years and no longer. That will have a double effect. It will grant to those persons who are investing their money in the development of our mining interests the freest market for the purchase of the best possible machinery they can get—a market, the freedom of which is only limited by the fact that the machinery they may require is made in Canada; and no person, I apprehend, is so unpatriotic as to wish a provision to be inserted which would allow him to buy a machine outside of Canada when it could be made in Canada by industries which have been fostered and brought into their present state, by the operation of the tariff which we have enacted and maintained. It will have this other effect. By the free introduction of mining machinery such as is not made in Canada, and by the impetus which will be given to mining after the period of experimenting is over, and after the richness and paying quantities of these resources are demonstrated, there will be a continued and progressive development of that industry; and after the period of three years that development will naturally add to the demand for the production of this machinery in Canada, which will, consequently, promote and encourage that industry after that period."

It is gratifying to see that the Finance Minister is alive to the importance of the mining industry of the Dominion and to the necessity of giving it some encouragement. The kind of encouragment it needs is so easily given that we wonder why there has been the slightest hesitation in extending it. All that the miners ask of the Government is to be let alone. They do not beg of it to burden other industries in order to foster theirs. They do not ask any man, woman or child in the Dominion to subsidise them directly or indirectly to the extent of one single cent. All that they want is to have their hands free so that they may have a fair chance to discover and develop the mineral wealth of the Dominion. This is a very easy thing to do. One would think that the Government which is ready to tax the whole consuming population of the Dominion for the sake of fostering the flour milling industry and in order to giveaid to one hat factory or a solitary calico-printing establishment would not hesitate to exempt so important an industry as that of mining from a tax that has been found to be so exceedingly burdensome as to prevent its development and growth. What the miners want is very little indeed for the Government to give, but it would have been a boon of inestimable value to them.

As we have already said, we fear that their request has been granted to them only in name, that placing mining machinery on the free list in the way it has been done will yield them little or no advantage. We may be mistaken. We trust we are. But we believe it would have been better policy from every point of view to have extended the concession to the miners in such a way as to leave no possible doubt as to its value.

THE EXTRADITION TREATY.

The amended Extradition Treaty came into effect on Friday last. After this the embezzling bank cashiers and thieving treasurers and other officials will not be able to run across the line that divides the United States from Canada to escape justice and to enjoy their ill-gotten gains. Other offenders against the laws of their country will have to seek a new place of refuge, for they will not be safe either in the Dominion of Canada or in the United States. This is as it should be. Canadians have for a long time been ashamed to see their country made the asylum of every American thief who managed to elude the officers of justice in his own country. We believe that the certainty that offenders cannot escape arrest, and punishment by crossing the boundary line will in many cases act as a deterrent. Escape seemed easy to the persons contemplating crime either in Canada or the United States that they must have been frequently encouraged to commit crimes; but now that the door of escape is closed they will be far less liable to yield to temptation. It will require much more courage to run the risk than it did a week ago, and consequently there will be a large proportion of possible offenders whose fears will keep them on the safe side. All of them may not be conscious of what it is that keeps them from becoming criminals, but that does not matter. The certainty that there is no safety on the other side of the line will be sure to influence very many who want some outside help to keep them in the paths of honesty.

NOT ITS BUSINESS.

The Massachusetts House of Representatives, the Boston Journal says, wasted some valuable time in voting for Mr. Quincy's resolution, opposing the reimposition of the duty on hides. The legislatures of the different States have nothing whatever to do with the tariff. It is the prerogative of Congress to impose customs duties. In dictating to Congress what it should or should not do the House of Representatives was taking upon itself a function which it was not authorized, either by the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the State of Massachusetts, to perform. The opinion of its members on the subject of the proposed duty on hides was really worth no more, nor of any greater authority, than that of the same number of electors picked out of a crowd on the street. When the House undertook to pass a resolution on a subject outside its powers it degraded itself into a meeting of irresponsible private citizens. This is evidently the view which the Boston Journal—which, by the way, does not approve of the duty—took of its action, for it says:

"The Legislature was not elected to make up the various schedules of the tariff, and if it attempts to supervise the work of Congress it will find its hands full. * * * Mr. Quincy's resolution was simply a bit of buncombe, designed with a view to gaining a little capital for the Democracy to trade on in the next campaign. It deserved to be rejected, and the only fault we find with the Legislature's action is that it did not reject it with even more promptness and emphasis."

If the different legislative bodies in the United States and in the Dominion do their own constitutional work well and faithfully, no reasonable man will find fault with them for not meddling with matters that are beyond their jurisdiction, and which it is the business of another body in the State and another set of representatives to attend to and legislate upon. The Eleventh Commandment, "Mind your own business," applies to Legislatures fully as much as it does to individuals. We see that the Ontario Legislature is asked to pass a resolution on trade matters. It is to be hoped that its members will have the good sense to treat it as the Massachusetts House of Representatives treated Mr. Quincy's resolution on the duty on hides.

SOCIALISM IN GERMANY.

Those who are acquainted with German socialism say that it does not deserve to be called socialism at all. The principles held by a very large number of men who are called socialists in Germany would not be considered socialistic in Great Britain or America. As in Great Britain not very many years ago any political doctrine which the majority desired to reprobate and to brand as dangerous, was denounced as "radical," so in Germany to-day any advanced idea, any liberal opinion, is condemned as "socialistic." Many men now living can remember when "Radical" was a term of reproach, and stood for every thing that was detestable, socially as well as politically, in Great Britain and her colonies, and to affix the stigma of radicalism on a man was to banish him from almost any circle that considered itself respectable. This is something like the position which socialism seems to occupy in Germany in the present day. But as, on better acquaintance, radicalism does not appear so very dreadful; so, perhaps, when the world knows more about socialism as it exists in Germany, it may come to be regarded with toleration. When the platform of the German socialists, which was circulated previous to the last election, is examined, it does not look so dreadfully communistic after all. Here it is:

"1st—Abolition of the standing army, and in its place the creation of a militia, after the Swiss Republic. 2d—Abolition of all indirect taxes and the derivation of revenues from a single, graduated, progressive income tax. 3d—Universal, equal and direct suffrage, with secret ballot at all general and local elections. 4th.—Abolition of all laws which promote inequality and repress free thought and free investigation. 5th—Unlimited right of federation for workingmen. 6th—Laws to protect the person and health of workingmen. 7th—That Sunday work be forbidden by law, as well as the employment of children, and that woman's work be properly regulated. 8th—As the basis for better popular education, free instruction in all public schools for the children of all citizens."

With the exception of the single tax plank—on income, be it observed, not land—there is nothing in this platform to which Canadians of all parties would not subscribe. There is really nothing that is commonly regarded as communistic in it from one end to the other. We have in this country free public education, of which persons of all classes may avail themselves; laws for the observance of the Lord's Day; laws to protect the person and health of men working in factories; working men have the unlimited right of federation; we have no laws promoting inequality and none repressing free thought, free speech, or free investigation; we have universal male suffrage and the secret ballot at elections of all kinds, and we have no standing army. If the above platform is socialistic we in this country are all socialists, for we have embodied in our laws seven of its eight planks, and the remaining one is a matter of mere fiscal arrangement which the country is free to adopt at any time. It has not been adopted not because Canadians regard it as socialistic, but because they look upon it as unwise as not calculated to promote the prosperity of the country. How anyone holding the principles enunciated in this platform can be regarded as a dangerous member of society, and why he should be marked for reprobation by the Government of his country, is what most Canadians will find it difficult to understand.

Scratched 28 Years

Body covered with scales. Itching terrible. Suffering endless. No relief. Doctors and medicines fail. Speedily cured by Cuticura at a cost of $5.

Cured by Cuticura

If I had known of the CUTICURA REMEDIES twenty-eight years ago it would have saved me $200.00 (two hundred dollars) and an immense amount of suffering. My disease (psoriasis) commenced on my head in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body and got under my nails. The scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what some of the doctors said was leprosy, some ringworm, psoriasis etc. I took...and....Sarsaparillas over one year and a half, but no cure. I went to two or three doctors, and no cure. I cannot praise the CUTICURA REMEDIES too much. They have made my skin as clear and free from scales as a baby's. All I used of them were three boxes of CUTICURA, and three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, and two cakes of CUTICURA SOAP. If you had been here and said you would have cured me for $200.00, you would have had the money. I looked like the picture in your book of psoriasis (picture number two, "How to Cure Skin Diseases"), but now I am as clear as any person ever was. Through force of habit I rub my hands over my arms and legs to scratch once in a while, but to no purpose. I am all well. I scratched twenty-eight years, and it got to be a kind of second nature to me. I thank you a thousand times.

DENNIS DOWNING, Waterbury, Vt.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and purest and best of Humor Remedies internally, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, speedily, and permanently cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary diseases and humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; SOAP, 35c.; RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pp., 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.



FREE FROM RHEUMATISM, in one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatism, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains and weaknesses. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

THOROUGHBRED STOCK,

Those wishing to improve their Herds should communicate with the undersigned, who has always on hand choice thoroughbred and high grade Durhams.

MORRISON & ADAMS,
Sunnyside Farm,
mc11-1y Alexandria P. O.

Estate of W. J. Jeffree.

The undersigned request that all accounts due to the above Estate to 31st December last, be paid forthwith, at the store on Yates street.

J. C. C. KENT,
W. F. ARCHIBALD,
Trustees for the Estate.
March 12, 1890. mc12-1m

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Katharine Riley, or anybody else.
ap3-3t (Signed) M. RILEY.

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

CROCKERY SALE,

Thursday, April 10

AT SALESROOM, WHARF STREET,
At 11 o'clock, a. m.,

We will sell by Public Auction,

20 CRATES

Of Crockery, comprising:

Soup and flat plates, assorted sizes.
Jugs and bowls, " "
London and Irish Teas, handled and unhandled, thick and ordinary
Toilet Sets, white, granite and assorted, figured.
Flat Dishes, Bakers, Toilet Sets, Chambers, Ewers and Basins.

The Retail Trade and Hotel Proprietors' attention is called to this Sale.

TERMS CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
ap3 Auctioneer.

Without Reserve.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

Real Estate Sale.

TUESDAY, APRIL 15th.

1,453 ACRES
On the S. E. end of
GALIANO ISLAND,

Situated midway between the four principal cities of the province, and is known to be underlined with coal.

A large portion of this property is under cultivation, and is well watered by springs.

It has a fine young ORCHARD of trees of the choicest varieties, and the location for fruit cultivation is among the best in the Province.

Fir Timber. There is a fine lot of timber, having excellent facilities for marketing.

Alder Bottom. There are about 350 acres of bottom land easily cleared.

Coal. The Vancouver Coal Company has secured on Galiano Island over 8,000 acres, and doubtless an early development will be made.

THE IMPROVEMENTS consist of farm house, dairy barns, sheds and fencing, and is well supplied with good farming implements and machinery.

Full particulars with map to be had free on application at the office of the auctioneers.

LAKE DISTRICT.

Sections 129 and 130, two-thirds being bottom land, having a fine lot of good standing timber on it.

TERMS AT SALE.
Deeds at buyers expense.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
mc 16- Auctioneer.

G. BYRNES, AUCTIONEER

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
FURNITURE.
—ON—
Tuesday, April 8th,
AT 11 A.M.

I will sell at my salesrooms, Fort and Langley streets, a new walnut bedroom suite, seven pieces; one handsome drawing room suite in velvet and a nice parlor suite (walnut), easy chairs, sofas, a nice cheval mirror, pictures, a pine bedroom suite, spring mattrasses, pillows, blankets, walnut dining extension table, single bedstead and mattrass, Brussels and tapestry carpet and rugs, matting, chamber setts, crockery, parlor and cooking stoves.

OFFICE FURNITURE.

Three writing desks, 1 secretary, 1 office desk, 1 book case, copying press, table, chairs, new linoleum 12x32 and 12x20, paper baskets, etc., etc.

Also a Quiet Buggy Horse.

G. BYRNES,
ap4 Auctioneer.

GARESHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold Dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers, San Francisco, New York and Canada.

Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
1y9-1y

PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE
—AND—
HAND BOOK
—TO—
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Publishing Co.

NOTICE.
SEASON OF 1890

THE PICTORIAL TOURISTS' GUIDE, now being prepared for the press, will be profusely illustrated with finely executed maps and illustrations of views, scenery, etc., of British Columbia, and will be placed before the public as an attractive work of art.

A large and constant circulation is guaranteed throughout the United Kingdom and on the continent, by special arrangement, through the medium of well known tourist agencies in all the principal cities of Europe. It will be a sure means of advertising hotels, hunting and pleasure resorts, real estate, lands, investment projects, mining, and all schemes in connection with the development of the country and its natural resources.

For advertising space and terms apply to

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oct15-6mo

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS

WE have been so rushed during the past week taking orders for Fashionable Clothing that we have not had time to make the announcement that we have received a further consignment of Goods, including the latest novelties in the market. Our unrivalled stock of Cloths is meeting with the warmest praise from all who have wanted Clothing. Everyone has been satisfied. Call and examine.

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS,
The Fashionable Tailors,
88 Government Street. Three Doors from Post Office.

THE FASHIONABLE TAILORS.

☞ First-class Coat Makers and Pant Makers wanted immediately.

March 29, 1890.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

We Handle no City Property but Victoria.

LOTS NEAR THE TRAMWAY
FROM $250 UPWARDS - SMALL PAYMENTS.

OFFICE: 30 BROAD ST.
Open Every Evening from 7.30 to 9 O'Clock
jan16-3mo

F. G. RICHARDS, JR.
Real Estate and Financial Agent,
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, ETC.

Agent for Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Companies. Maps and Plans Prepared.
Money to Loan. Mining and Timber Lands for Sale. Surveys Taken. Farming Lands, Residence and Business Properties for Sale.

P. O. Box 147. 51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. TELEPHONE No. 176.
mar16

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836

—Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.—

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000. RESERVE FUND, £255,000.

LONDON OFFICE—3 CLEMENT'S LANE, LOMBARD STREET, E. C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

J. H. BRODIE, Esq. | HENRY R. FARRER, Esq. | E. A. H. ARE, Esq. | J. J. KINGSFORD, Esq. | G. D. WHATMAN, Esq.
J. J. CATER, Esq. | RICHARD H. GLYN, Esq. | HENRY J. B. KENDALL, Esq. | FREDERIC LUBBOCK, Esq.

SECRETARY—A. G. WALLIS, Esq. BANKERS—THE BANK OF ENGLAND.—MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & CO.

GENERAL MANAGER—R. R. GRINDLEY, Esq., Montreal.

ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

MONTREAL, QUEBEC, TORONTO, KINGSTON (Quebec, Ontario) | HAMILTON, BRANTFORD, PARIS, LONDON (Ontario) | HALIFAX, N. S. | ST. JOHN, FREDERICTON (N. B.) | VICTORIA, VANCOUVER (B. C.) | WINNIPEG, BRANDON (Manitoba.)

AGENCIES IN AMERICA, { NEW YORK—Agents, Messrs. H. Stikeman & F. Brownfield, 52 Wall Street. SAN FRANCISCO—Agents, Messrs. W. Lawson & J. C. Welsh, 124 Sanson Street.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Of the Bank of British North America, presented to the Proprietors at their Fifty-fourth yearly General Meeting, on Tuesday, March 4th, 1890.

The Court of Directors have pleasure in submitting the accompanying Balance Sheet to the 31st December last, showing, with £1,407 10s. 8d. brought forward from last account, the sum of £86,076 1s. 1d. as the available Profit for the year 1889. From this an amount of £5,000 has been carried to the Reserve Fund, making it £255,000, and £2,000 transferred to the "Officers' Pension Fund."

After deducting £35,000 for the Dividend paid in October last, there remains a Balance of £44,076 1s. 1d., out of which the Directors have now to report the declaration of a Dividend of 40s. per Share, payable, free of Income Tax, on the 3rd April next, making a distribution of 7½ per cent. for the year 1889, and leaving a Balance of £4,076 1s. 1d. to be carried forward.

The Dividend Warrants will be remitted to the Proprietors as usual.

LONDON, 22nd February, 1890.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST DECEMBER, 1889.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Cr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To Capital		1,000,000 0 0	By Cash and Specie at Bankers' and in hand	477,135 3 11	
20,000 Shares of £50 each fully paid			By Cash at Call and Short Notice	770,475 8 11	
					1,247,610 12 10
To Reserve Fund		255,000 0 0			48,547 18 11
To Deposits and Current Accounts		2,261,378 9 11	By Investments		
To Notes in Circulation		251,608 10 4	By Bills Receivable, Loans on Security and other Accounts		4,156,065 10 1
To Bills Payable and other Liabilities		1,730,117 12 1	By Bank Premises, &c., in London and at the Branches		83,765 12 1
To Rebate Account		13,800 0 6			
To Liabilities on Endorsements	£170,648 19 5				
To Profit and Loss Account—					
Balance brought forward from last year	41,407 10 8				
Dividend paid April, 1889	40,000 0 0				
	£1,407 10 8				
Net profit for the year ending this date, after deducting all current charges, and providing for bad and doubtful debts	84,668 10 5				
	86,076 1 1				
Deduct Dividend paid October, 1889	£35,000				
Transferred to Reserve Fund	5,000				
Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund	2,000				
	42,000 0 0				
Balance available for April dividend		44,076 1 1			
		£5,555,989 13 11			£5,555,989 13 11

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books in London, and the Certified Returns from the Branches, and find it to present a true statement of the Bank's affairs.

LONDON, 21st February, 1890. PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO., Auditors.

SOMERSET HOUSE,
61 and 63 Fort Street.

MRS. W. BICKFORD begs to inform her customers that she has added a full line of Millinery to her other business, and hopes by careful attention to the same to merit a share of public patronage. We will make our

FIRST SPRING SHOW

On Thursday, the 27th instant. A first-class English milliner, with six years experience, will take charge of this department. mc26

DR. LEWIS HALL,
DENTIST,
GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.

Special attention given to frail and diseased teeth. Gas and other given for painless extraction of teeth.

CRAFT & NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLAS ST.

Residence, No. 45 Second st., Work Estate.
Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

HOMŒOPATHIC REMOVAL.

DR. J. HALL WILL LEAVE HIS rooms on Pandora street on Monday, Dec. 2, for the new brick block, corner of Yates and Douglas, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p. m., excepting Sundays and holidays. my17-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE—Fruit and cigar stand. Apply, "W." COLONIST office. ap2-1m

TO LET—Comfortable Rooms, with use of kitchen if required. No 121 Superior street. ma29 6t

FOR SALE—A number of piles of different lengths. Apply to Geo. Bartlett, Corfield, P. O., Vancouver Island. mh29 1w

FOR SALE.

TWO HORSES, ride or drive. Apply 50 Dallas Road. A. VIDLER.
mc26

FOR SALE.

ONE STORY HOUSE on lot next Rice Mills. Buyer to remove it at once. HALL, ROSS & CO.
ap4 3t

FOR SALE.

A NEARLY NEW J. & J. TAYLOR, of Toronto, Safe. Cheap. BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE.
ap4-6t

A MODERN COTTAGE
IN JAMES BAY, FOR SALE.

Parlor, Dining room, four bedrooms and closets, kitchen, bath room and lavatory, woodsheds, etc. Parlor, dining room and hall finished in cherry. The house stands on two lots. Street sixty feet. Apply to Hall & Lowe, or real estate agents. mc12

OFFICES TO RENT.

SUITABLE FOR SAMPLE ROOMS.—Apply to JNO. J. AUSTIN,
m15 Real Estate Agent, 57 Govt. St.

FOR SALE

A six roomed two-story house and lot, 60 x 120. For particulars apply at 116 North Park street. mar28-1m

Jersey Cattle for Sale.

Two Jersey Cows and one Bull, thoroughbred. Registered in American Jersey Cattle Club. Apply G. A. PERRIN,
mc11-1mo 7 Trounce Alley Victoria.

FOR SALE.

House and Lots on Kane st.

A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, cellar and outhouses complete, with two full sized lots extending from Kane to Raestreet. For further particulars apply to JACOB SEHL, Government st. n21

A BUSINESS FOR SALE

A whole or half interest in a General Store for sale. Inquire of "L." at the COLONIST office. mar28-1m

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

AS MRS. JAMES RUSSELL IS CLOSing out her business, the entire Stock will be sold at cost.

Embroideries, Laces, Pon-Pons, Briggs' Stamping Patterns, etc.

125 FORT STREET.
ap2

FOR SALE.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE in Victoria, with ample grounds and many unique attractions. Ten minutes walk from the Post Office. Frontage on three streets and the harbor. Substantial dwelling-house, with moderate-sized, lofty, sunny rooms, several bedrooms, bathroom, frost-proof cellar, and usual out-buildings. House and grounds thoroughly drained with brick and tiles. Large lawn, choice shrubs, flowers, and fruit in great variety and perfect condition. Boathouse. Address, P. O. box 423, Victoria. ap2-1m

CADBORO BAY.

1 Piece of 7½ Acres,
1 Piece of 2½ Acres,

Both for sale. Both lots fronting on Cadboro Bay, and commanding a most charming view. Address P. O. Box 255.
dec17-tf

126 ACRES

Fronting on Cowichan Harbor, with House, lately insured for $600. Price, $1,200 CASH.

W. H. DANBY.
57 Government St.,
Telephone No. 474. P. O. Box 314.
fy 26tf

FOR SALE.

100 ACRES!

With a frontage of about

2,200 feet on Cordova Bay,

One hour's drive from Post Office, and

BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED

For suburban residences—partly cleared, good road and fine marine view.

TERMS—Part cash, balance six per cent. in three years.

W. H. DANBY, 57 Government street.
mar28-tf

FOR SALE.

ONE CARLOAD
—OF—
PERCHERON
Horses and Brood Mares;
—ALSO—
One Pure Bred Percheron Norman Stallion, Imported,
ROMULUS, No. 1300. Weighs 1800 lbs.

For particulars apply to W. TEMPLETON,
mc11 1mo Vancouver, B. C.

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.
Real Estate Agents,
52 LANGLEY STREET.

Property for Sale on Easy Terms.

10 ACRES ON CEDAR HILL ROAD—$2,000.
27 ACRES WITH HOUSE AND BUILDings, on Gordon Head Road. $4,250.
14 ACRES WITH 6-ROOMED HOUSE and Buildings on Gordon Head Road, $3,500.
27 ACRES ON GORDON HEAD ROAD. Cleared and fenced, $3,500.
FERNWOOD LOTS AND JAMES BAY Lots.
8 ROOMED HOUSE ON THREE LOTS, corner of Cook and Belsher Sts. $8,500.
HOUSE and LOT on ALFRED STREET $1,100.
LOTS ON ALFRED STREET, $400 each.
8 ROOMED HOUSE ON FORT STREET, bathroom, etc. Hot and cold water and gas laid on.
2 EIGHT-ROOMED, 2-STORY HOUSES on View street.
2 LOTS ON BEACON HILL, mc1. $2,000

BUSINESS CARDS.

☞ BEFORE BUILDING, CALL ON
T. B. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT & MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
DRAWINGS FOR PATENT OFFICE.
Office, - Moody's Block, - 76 Yates st.,
feb14-tf VICTORIA, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX,
Civil Engineers & Railway, Land & Mine Surveyors.

Plans, specifications, and estimates of structures and excavation prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located.
OFFICE: Room "C," White House (up stairs), Government St. P. O. box 358. f4-6m

W. H. DANBY,
Notary Public & Real Estate Agent,
57 GOVERNMENT STREET.
P.O. Box 314. Telephone 474.
jan12

VICTORIA'S
EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA,
PROF. GRANAT,
Musical Director.

Music furnished for Balls, Parties, Weddings, Entertainments, etc.

Apply to the Headquarters, at the London Harmony.
W. J. PHILLIPS,
oc29-6m Cor. Johnson and Broad sts.

KELLER & BURRIS,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Sewer Pipe, Terra Cotta, Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenwares,
COR. YATES AND QUADRA STS.,
dec7 VICTORIA, B. C.

THE CHAMPION
WEATHER STRIP
For excluding draughts from doors and windows. Sold and fitted up by
J. P. BURGESS, Carpenter,
10 BROUGHTON STREET. nov2

MRS. F. H. RAIFF,
(Late of El Paso, Tex.)
PROFESSIONAL MANICURE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., (Front Parlor.)

HOURS: { Ladies, 2 to 7 p. m. Gentlemen, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. jan29

FURS. ROBES.

Bear, Lynx, Mountain Goat Marmozet, Buffalo Robes, and Robes of all kinds and descriptions to be seen at
KIRSCHBERG & LANDSBERG'S,
57 JOHNSON STREET.

Headquarters for Indian Curios
GUNS AND AMMUNITION.
dec7-1yr

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins

NOTICE TO
Contractors and Others

Just arrived per Bark Archer a large Stock of
PLATE GLASS!
Which we are now prepared to supply at low rates.

Colored Glass, &c., Kept in Stock

J. W. MELLOR & CO.,
m25-1m Painters and Glaziers, 65 Fort St.

G. A. McTAVISH
Has at his store on Park Road,
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
Vegetable and Flower Seeds.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable; personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner in Great Britain.
Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B.C. Agricultural Society, for the best flowers raised from this seed.
STORE AND NURSERY,
PARK ROAD, VICTORIA.
nov21-6mo

VICTORIA NURSERY
AND SEED ESTABLISHMENT.
P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.,

Successors to Mitchell & Johnston, Will have for sale during the coming season a large and varied assortment of
Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs,
Evergreens, Herbaceous Plants, Bulbs,

And other nursery stock of all descriptions, suitable to the climate, including many novelties from Japan, at prices far lower than they can be imported from Canada or the east.
☞ Clover and grass seeds and all other seeds at greatly reduced prices.
For further particulars see our price catalogues, which will be forwarded post free on application. oc5
SEED STORE. NURSERY.
No. 28 Fort Street. Cadboro Bay Road.

J. SEHL,
Manufacturer of
FURNITURE
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Also, Importer of
Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleum, Crockery, Lamps,
GLASSWARE, CUTLERY, PLATEDWARE,

The Trade Supplied on Liberal Terms.

Also just received a fine selection of
Bisque and Parian Marble Statuary
And an endless variety of Vases and House Decorations.

J. SEHL.

FIRST-CLASS
ISLAND HAY FOR SALE.

Delivered. Also about first April next, a lot of young pigs, ½ Berkshire. Apply to
J. J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm,
Or P. O. Box 302. mc9

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

REMOVAL

The undersigned have removed from Yates street to
96 JOHNSON STREET,
During the erection of their New premises.
mc25 COLBERT & WARNER.

NOTICE.

DURING MY TEMPORARY ABSENCE from the Province, Mr. H. E. Crease-dalle holds my power of attorney, and will attend to the Canada Life Assurance and other business.
my9-1yr A. W. JONES.

DUNRAVEN RANCH

A Story of American Frontier Life.

By Capt. CHARLES KING, U. S. A.,

Author of "The Colonel's Daughter," "From the Ranks," "The Deserter," Etc.

Copyrighted 1888 by J. B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia, and published by special arrangement through the American Press Association.

The captain looked about him. Except one sergeant holding a lantern, the other troopers, obedient to his order, were slowly fading back into the darkness on their way to the barracks. Only the doctor, Mr. Perry, and the sergeant remained by the side of the injured man. Then came the question:

"Who did this, Gwynne?"

No answer. A deeper shade of pain and trouble seemed to pass over the sergeant's face. He made an effort to speak, hesitated, and at last replied:

"I cannot say, sir."

"You know, do you not?"

Again pained silence and embarrassment. At last the sergeant leaned slowly forward and spoke:

"Captain, the men were masked, the voices disguised. I could not see the dress in the darkness. I was struck on the head almost the instant I got outside the door, and it would be impossible for me to identify one of them."

"Do you think it was the same gang you had the trouble with at Dunraven?"

"I—could not say, sir."

"Do you suspect any of our own men?"

"I—would not say that, sir."

"Where is the stable guard?" asked Stryker. "Send him here."

And presently Trooper Kelly—a wiry little Irishman, with a twinkling eye and an expression of mingled devilment and imperturbability in his face—came forth from the stable door and stood attention.

"Where were you when this assault took place, Kelly?"

"At the far end of the stables, sir," replied Kelly, with prompt and confident tone.

"Then of course you saw and know nothing of it."

"Not a wor-rad, sir."

"Why did you let a gang from that English ranch come here and beat your sergeant before your very eyes?"

Kelly reddened at the very idea.

"I'd ha died first, sir! Sure they'd niver dared"— And then Kelly stopped short. His Celtic pride had been touched to the quick, and had it not proved too much for even Irish wit?

"How did they get the sergeant out of the stable at this hour of the night?"

"Sure they called him out, sir."

"And the sergeant happened to be down there by the door at the time?"

"No, sir; he was in his room beyant—up there by the forage."

"That's a long distance from this door, Kelly; and if he could hear it in his room you could hear it farther away."

"I wasn't farther away thin, sir; I was down here when they axed for him."

"Then why didn't you open the door and see who was making such a racket, shouting for Sergt. Gwynne after taps?"

"Sure they didn't shout at-all at all, sir; they axed for him quiet and respectable like, an' I wint and told him."

"Ah, yes, I see. And then, having told him, you went away to the far end of the stable."

"Yis, sir, just so, sir; an' the moment I heard the scrimmidge, sir, I ran as hard as I could."

"Of course you considered it was none of your business what people might want with the stable sergeant at night."

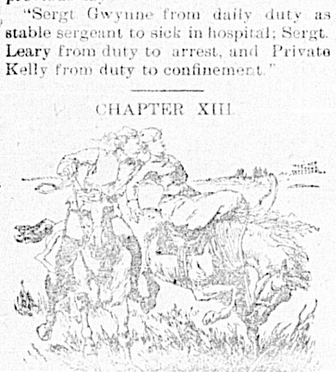
"No, sir. If he wanted me he had a right to tell me to come."

"We differ on that point, Kelly. Relieve him, Sergt. Hosmer."

On the following morning Col. Brainard was surprised to note in Capt. Stryker's column of remarks explanatory of the alterations from the status of the previous day:

"Sergt. Gwynne from daily duty as stable sergeant to sick in hospital; Sergt. Leary from duty to arrest, and Private Kelly from duty to confinement."

CHAPTER XIII



NOTWITHSTANDING the fact that there was an atmosphere of suppressed excitement over the garrison this May day morning, Mrs. Belknap's hunt came off according to plan, and the three heroines of the previous run rode forth with but slight change of escort. Capt. Stryker felt constrained to remain in garrison; he had a quiet investigation to make, and was observed to be in close conversation with Dr. Quin as the gay party assembled in front of Col. Brainard's quarters. Mr. Perry appeared in his captain's stead, and very politely requested the honor of being escort to Mrs. Lawrence, who accepted, yet looked a trifle embarrassed as she did so. Indeed, not until she had stolen an appealing glance at her husband and heard his cordial "By all means, dear; Perry can guide you far better than I, and perhaps you'll win another mask," did she thankfully say "Yes." Dana rode with Mrs. Belknap, as before, and it was the colonel himself who suggested to Stryker that Mr. Perry should accompany Mrs. Lawrence this day, and that he, the colonel, should ride with Mrs. Sprague.

Perry had eagerly lent himself to the proposition: he figured that now he could have an uninterrupted chat with Mrs. Lawrence and hear what she had to tell about Dunraven. Just before starting he sought Capt. Lawrence, laughingly told him the terms of their agreement, and begged that he would relax his marital injunction and permit her to give him such details as she happened to be in possession of. "Indeed, Capt. Lawrence," he said, "I ask from no idle curiosity. I have been to the ranch, as you now know, and have good reason for asking." To his surprise, the captain replied substantially that, while he had regretted Mrs. Lawrence's impulsive revelations, he had thought it all over and decided that the best way out was that Perry should be told the whole story and be able to see how very little there was to it. He had decided, therefore, to tell him himself, "and this evening, Perry, if you will dine with us informally, we'll talk it over afterwards. Meantime, I prefer Mrs. Lawrence's name should not be mentioned in connection with any story there may be afloat; so oblige me by saying nothing to her on the subject."

This was one matter for reflection and something of a surprise; but there was still another and even greater one. That very morning, just before guard mount, and while he was dressing, Perry shouted, "Come in," responsive to a knock at his sitting room door, and in came Capt. Stryker. The object of his early call was explained in very few words.

"Perry," said he, "I have been over to see Sergt. Gwynne this morning, and the doctor walked back from the hospital with me and told me of your threatened disagreement of last night. If it had not been for that sudden call to the stables I fancy there might have been a quarrel. Now, I think you know I'm one of the last men to let an officer of my regiment—especially my troop—be placed in a false position, and—you can afford to leave this matter in my hands, can you not?"

"Certainly, Capt. Stryker."

"Then I want you to say nothing to Quin on the subject, and to treat him, as far as possible, as though nothing had happened. His relations with the lady's father and family were, and are, such that she ought to treat him with respect and deference, and to accept his advice even though it be given in a style that Carlyle, his favorite author, is mainly responsible for."

"There was absolutely nothing in—in that—. Well, captain," stammered poor Ned, "I don't know how to say what I want to say." He wanted to say there was nothing in that interview which could possibly be criticised, but it suddenly occurred to him that on the contrary there was a good deal. Then he desired to assure the captain that, so far as he was concerned, there wasn't a suspicion of wrong doing; but—heavens and earth!—that was equivalent to saying the lady was doing all that was open to remark, and nothing would ever induce him to "give away a woman," as he would have expressed it. Perry stammered and reddened all the more, and at last gave it up in despair, Stryker sitting there the while with a quiet grin on his bronzed face and mechanically slashing his boot legs with a riding switch.

"I think I understand the situation, Perry, and there's no great harm done. Only, let the matter drop—so far as the doctor is concerned, I mean; I do not presume to obtrude advice upon you as to anything else."

And, though he had meditated a different course, and had fully intended hunting up Dana and sending him with a note to call upon the doctor for an "explanation," he was glad to have a man of Stryker's standing cry halt. All the same he was sore incensed against Dr. Quin—mainly because of the jealous pain he suffered at the knowledge of his being so welcomed by Gladys Maitland when he saw fit to visit the ranch; and this pain gnawed all the more angrily now at thought of the embarrassing—even suspicious—situation in which that very man had found him on the previous evening. Pressing duties and hurried preparations kept him from brooding too much upon these sore points, but the youngsters all rallied him upon his preoccupation while at their merry breakfast table. He had resolved that there was one thing he could and would bring to an issue with Dr. Quin, and was all impatience for the coming of evening, that he might hear from the lips of Capt. Lawrence the actual stories that had been in circulation concerning Dunraven Ranch. He never went out to a hunt so utterly indifferent to the fortunes of the day, so eager to have it all over and done with. And yet—and yet—never had there opened to him a day so radiant with glorious possibility; never before in all his young life had nightfall proved so unwelcome when it finally came.

The first rabbit was started before they were a mile from Rossiter, and the hounds tumbled over him nearly a league away down the valley of the Monee. It was while they were watering their horses in the stream that Mrs. Belknap rode up beside them and laughingly addressed Mrs. Lawrence:

"That was too much of a straight away for either of us, Mrs. Lawrence; but what wager shall we have on the first mask after this?"

"Why, Mrs. Belknap! I can never hope to rival you. It was mere accident and good guiding on the part of some of the officers who were kind enough to stay by me, that enabled me to be 'in at the death' the other day."

"You have Mr. Perry to lead you today. Surely with such a guide you ought to be inspired. Am I to see anything of you today?" she almost whispered to him, as her stirrup brushed his riding boot.

"Certainly," he answered, quietly, and looking her over with frank blue eyes that were rather too clear and calm for her mood. "If Mrs. Lawrence will excuse me a few moments by and by, it will be a pleasure to come and ride with you. I'll ask her."

"Indeed you shall not," was the low toned reply, while the dark eyes fairly snapped with indignation. "I do not borrow other women's escort. If you know no other way that ends it."

And then Mrs. Sprague's cheery voice had hailed them as her eager horse came splashing into the stream; no opportunity occurred for further impressive remarks, but as the "field" rode out upon the prairie again and the dogs spread their yelping skirmish line along the front, Mrs. Belknap felt confident that before they returned to Rossiter she would have her big, simple hearted admirer in some shape for discipline. Two capital runs added to her self satisfaction, for in one of them she was side by side with the foremost rider at the finish, and in both she had left the other women far in rear. Then came a third, and with it a revelation to one and all.

It was almost noon, and from a point well out on the prairie to the northeast of Dunraven the "field" was hunting slowly homeward, horses and hounds pretty well tired out, and the riders quite content with their morning's sport. Up to this time Perry had been in constant attendance upon Mrs. Lawrence, and had made no effort to join Mrs. Belknap. Now, however, he could not but see that every little while her eyes sought his with significant glance and that she was riding well out to the left of the party, Dana faithfully hovering about her. The colonel with Mrs. Sprague ranged alongside just then, and a general conversation ensued, in the course of which Perry found himself a trifle in the way. If there was one thing fastidious Nolan did not like, it was to be crowded by horses for whom he had no particular respect; and, as a number of riders were grouped about Mrs. Lawrence at the moment, it resulted that Nolan's teeth and heels began to make play, and Perry laughingly resigned his position at her side, in order, as he expressed it, "to give you other fellows a chance." Even then, as he fell to the rear, it was with no thought or intention of joining Mrs. Belknap. But, once clear of the merry group, his eyes sought the distant outlines of Dunraven Ranch, glaring in the noonday sun beyond the Monee, and between him and that mysterious inclosure whither his thoughts were so constantly wandering there rode the dainty lady, the Queen of the Chase, so far as that day was concerned at least, and she was signaling to him with her riding whip. Oddly enough, when Perry rode up to obey her summons Mr. Dana presently found means to excuse himself and join the main body.

"Mr. Perry," she said, as soon as Dana was out of hearing, "Mrs. Page will be with us to-night, or to-morrow morning at latest."

"Will she?" answered he, unconscious, forgetful, and with an air of pleased anticipation. "How pleasant for you! I'll come and pay my respects the very first thing."

"You do not understand," was the reproachful response. "You do not care, I presume; but this means that you and I will have no more long talks and happy times together."

"I'm awfully sorry, Mrs. Belknap, but I'm blessed if I can see why we shouldn't."

"No," despairingly, "it is plain enough that you see nothing. Ah, well!"—and the sigh was pathetic-profound, and the look from the dark eyes was unutterable in its sadness, "I suppose it is better so—better so." She was silent a moment, and Perry's puzzled faculties took refuge in a long look over toward Dunraven again: he fancied he saw figures moving down the slope on the southern side.

"One thing I want you to promise me," she presently said, sad and soft and low. There was no reply. Looking up, she saw his head was averted. Was he feeling the sting, then, after all? Was he actually suffering a little pang after this affectation of nonchalance?

"One thing you must promise, for my sake," she repeated.

And still no answer came. How odd! He was bending over in the saddle as though turning from her, perhaps to hide his face from her and from them all. He had shifted the reins into his right hand, and was apparently fumbling at the breast of his riding coat with the left. Was it the handkerchief he needed? Were there starting tears in those blue eyes that he dared not let her see? She could not lose that luxury! Out went the little hand and touched his arm. Her tone was sweet, thrilling, appealing, yet commanding; she would see his face.

"Mr. Perry—Ned! Look at me."

"Eh! oh! What! I beg your pardon, Mrs. Belknap, but I was trying to make out who that was in the timber yonder. Looks—looks almost like a woman on horseback, doesn't it?"

But when he appealed to her for confirmation of his timid, half credulous vision he was aghast at the look in her face.

"You were not listening! You were not even thinking of what I was saying!" she began, her white teeth set, her soft lips livid with wrath; but she suddenly controlled herself—none too soon, for Dana came trotting up.

"Say, Perry, what do you make that out to be down there in the valley? Col. Brainard and I feel sure it's a lady on horseback."

And, looking at Perry, Mrs. Belknap saw that he had flushed to the very temples—that an eager, joyous light had sprung to his eyes; but before she could say a word there came a shout from the huntsman, a yell from the leading line, a simultaneous yelp from the curs and mongrels among the "irregulars," and her horse leaped at the bit and went tearing off toward the Monee, foremost in mad pursuit of a wild careering "jack."

"Come!" she called, as she glanced over her shoulder; but the sight was one that only added to her wrath. Nolan, plunging and snorting, was held to the spot, while his rider, sitting like a centaur, was still eagerly gazing over into the distant cottonwoods. The next instant she realized that all the field were thundering at her heels, and the instinct of the sportsman came to her aid. She could not be beaten in the chase.

For half a mile Bunny shot like a streak of light straight away southwestward, the hounds bunched in a slaty, sweeping cloud not thirty yards behind the bobbing tuft of his tail. Then he began a long circle towards the stream, as though to head for a "break" that extended some rods back from the line of bluffs. Another minute and he had reached its partial shelter and darted in. For the next minute he was lost to sight of his human pursuers, but presently flashed into view again down in the creek bottom and "streaking it" up along the northern bank, with the whole pack at his heels. The bluffs were steep just here, some of the riders a trifle timid, and all the "field" reined in a little as they made the descent: Dana, Mrs. Belknap, Parke, Mrs. Lawrence, Graham, the colonel and Mrs. Sprague straightened out for their pursuit in the order named, the instant they reached the level of the valley. The hounds were far ahead by this time, and the two light troopers in charge of them close at their heels; but who—what was the figure that flashed into view between those huntsmen and the field, darting like arrow from the fringe of willows and dashing straight in wake of the quarry? Thirty yards ahead of the foremost riders of the Rossiter party a superb English hunter, the bit in his teeth, his eyes afire and his head high in air, fresh, vigorous, raging with long imprisoned passion for the sport of the old island home, gaining on the hounds at every stride, and defying the utmost efforts of his rider, leaped from the covert of the timber into sight of one and all, bearing a lovely but most reluctant victim on his back.

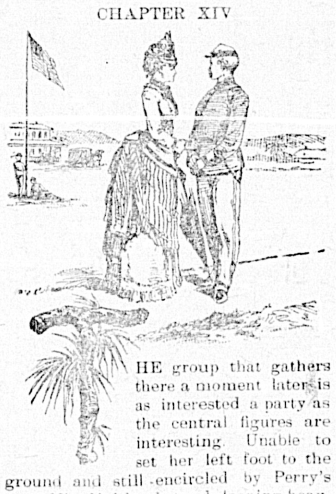
In vain with might and main she leaned back and tugged at the reins; though checked in his speed, the horse still tore ahead, keeping straight for the hounds, leaping in his easy stride every little gully or "branch" that crossed his path. Bunny took a sudden dive into the timber, fairly flew across a narrow, gravelly rapid, and darted up on the opposite bank; the hounds veered in pursuit, the huntsmen wavered and sought along the bank for a better place to cross, but the mettlesome English bay lunged through in the very wake of the hounds, crumbling the sandy banks and crashing through the pebbly stream bed. Out on the southern slopes went Bunny, close followed by the hounds; out on their trail went the big hunter, but his rider's hat has been brushed away in the wild dash through the timber, and now a flame of beautiful golden hair—a great wave of light—flies on the wind over his glossy back, and, though she still leans over the cantle tugging hard at the reins, she is plainly losing strength. Some of the Rossiter party burst through the timber in pursuit; some still ride hopefully up the north bank, and these are rewarded for once, again poor, badgered, bewildered Bunny makes a sudden swerve, and, throwing half the hounds far behind, darts a second time to the shelter of the banks, with the other half closer at his heels than before.

Those who were watching see the big hunter making a long, circular sweep, then once again bring up in the wake of the leaders, once more go leaping, plunging, crashing through the stream, and, in another minute, rabbit, hounds, huntsmen, the "field," and the fair incognita are all strung out in chase along the northern shore, and all eyes can see that she is an English girl and well nigh exhausted. Still, no man can catch that hunter and lay hands on the rein. She is riding with the foremost now, leading the troopers, even, and still Bunny spins along in front, the hounds gnashing not six feet behind him. A little point of bluff juts out just ahead; the stream winds round its base and takes a turn northward for a dozen rods. Bunny shoots the turn like the pilot of the lightning express, the hounds strain to make it without loss of vantage gained, the big hunter sways outward to the very verge of the steep and crumbling bank, and a groan goes up from the breathless pursuers; but he rallies and straightens once more in the track, and the golden hair, streaming in advance, is the oriflamme of the chase. Then as they round the point Dana gives a shout of joy. Straight down the slopes, straight and swift as rode the daring huzzar from whom he got his name, when he bore the fatal message like arrow flight from the Sapoune crest at Balaklava, down the bluffs to the right front comes Nolan, with Ned Perry on his back—Perry, with set, resolute, yet almost frenzied face—Perry with eyes that flash blue fire in the intensity of their gaze, and Nolan's vigorous strides have brought him in circling sweep, in just ten seconds more, close to the hunter's quarter, close behind the fluttering skirt.

Just ahead there is another sudden turn to the left; the stream goes one way, the bluffs another, and between them lies a five-acre patch of level prairie thickly studded, here, there, everywhere, with tiny earthen mounds and tiny, gaping, treacherous holes—a prairie dog village, by all that's awful! and that runaway hunter, mad in the chase of the sweeping hounds, is in the midst of it before mortal hand can check or swerve him. Another second, and they who pursue have veered to right or left or reined up on the verge—all save one. Never faltering, Ned Perry is at her hunter's quarter, almost at her side. They see him spurring, they see him bending eagerly towards her, they see that he is shouting something to her—Heaven knows what! Then there is a groan of misery and dread from a dozen breasts, a groan that as suddenly bursts into the gladdest of cheers; the hunter's forefoot has caught in one of the thousand little death traps, down he goes, plunging, heaving, quivering, rolling over and over; but Nolan leaps gallantly ahead, and Ned Perry's strong arm has lifted the girl from the saddle as her steed goes crashing to earth, and bears her, drooping, faint, frightened, well nigh senseless, but safe and clasped tight to his thankful and exultant heart.

Another instant, and Nolan is reined in in the very midst of the tumbling hounds, and Gladys Maitland is the only woman "in at the death."

CHAPTER XIV



THE group that gathers there a moment later is as interested a party as the central figures are interesting. Unable to set her left foot to the ground and still encircled by Perry's arm, Miss Maitland stands leaning heavily on his breast. She is very pale for a moment, partly from exhaustion, partly from pain, for there was no time to free her foot from the stirrup, and the ankle is severely wrenched. Nolan, riderless now and cast loose, stands with lowered head and heaving flanks, a sympathetic but proudly heroic looker on; he knows he has played his part in that rescue. The huge English hunter is plunging in misery among the mounds a few yards back, his fore leg broken. One of the troopers has seized his bridle, and another is unstrapping the heavy English saddle. "Splendidly done!" says the colonel, as he trots carefully up, casting a glance at the fallen cause of all the mischief; "but if that saddle had been one of those three pronged abominations he couldn't have swept her off as he did."

Graham has galloped to the stream for water, and the colonel lifts Mrs. Sprague from her saddle, and together they advance to offer sympathy and aid. Mrs. Lawrence follows as quickly as she can pick her way among the prairie dog holes. Dana has deserted Mrs. Belknap, and she alone remains mounted while all these others throng about the two who stand there for the moment, clinging to each other. And now Gladys Maitland has raised her head, blushes of shame and confusion triumph over pallor and pain; she strives to stand alone, but Perry bids her desist. The moment she sees Mrs. Sprague's sweet, womanly, sympathetic face her eyes are filled with comfort and her heart goes out to her. Most reluctantly Perry resigns his prize to the arms that open to receive her, and then come the wondering exclamations of some, and the brief breathless explanations.

"Don't try to talk yet," pleads Mrs. Sprague. "We are only too glad it was no worse."

"Indeed, I'm not hurt," answers Gladys, bravely—"only a little wrench, but," and she laughs nervously, trying to carry it off with all the pluck and spirit of her race, "it would have been what we call a 'nasty cropper' at home if"—and her eyes turn shyly yet with a world of gratitude to his—"it had not been for Mr. Perry."

"Oh, then you know Mr. Perry!" exclaims Mrs. Sprague, with frank delight, and Mrs. Lawrence turns in rejoicing to look first in his glowing face, then at the dark beauty of Mrs. Belknap silently listening. "Why, we had no idea"— And she concludes irresolutely.

"Oh, yes; we met at the ranch—at home. I am Miss Maitland, you know; and that is my father's place. But we've only just come," she adds, with the woman's natural desire to explain to new found friends why and how it was that they had not met before. And then the group is joined by a bulky young Briton in the garb of a groom, though modified to suit the requirements of frontier life; he comes cantering to the scene all elbows and consternation; he gives a groan of dismay at sight of the prostrate hunter, but rides directly to his mistress. She is paling again now, and in evident pain, and Perry's face is a study as he stands, his eyes riveted upon her; but she tries to smile and reassure him.

"You'll have to ride to Dunr—to the ranch, Griggs," she said, "and—there's no help for it—papa will have to be told. Let them send for me."

"Pardon me, Miss Maitland," interrupted Col. Brainard. "You are almost under the walls of Fort Rossiter, and Dunraven is miles away. I have sent a swift horse for Dr. Quin and a spring ambulance. We cannot let you go home, now that you are so near us, until you have had rest and proper care."

"Indeed we cannot, Miss Maitland," chimed in both ladies at a breath. "You are to come right to my house until you are fit to travel."

"I'm not very fit just now, certainly," she answers, with a faint smile, "but I can surely wait here until they send; 'twill not be more than an hour at most."

"It will be two hours—perhaps three—Miss Maitland," pleaded Perry, bending eagerly forward. "Do listen to our ladies!"

And "our ladies" prevailed. While Griggs went sputtering off to Dunraven with the sorrowful news, the strong arms of Perry and Graham lifted and bore their English captive to the shade of a clump of cottonwoods. Mrs. Sprague and Mrs. Lawrence managed to make a little couch for her as a temporary resort. Mrs. Belknap rode up and was formally introduced, then galloped away to Rossiter to send blankets for the picnic couch and see to the pillows of the ambulance. The colonel and Perry remained with the ladies and engrossed their attention while Graham went back and sent two pistol bullets into the struggling hunter's brain, stilling his pain forever. Then came Dr. Quin galloping like the wind down the familiar trail, chiding "Gladys" as though his right to do so were a long established thing, and thereby setting Perry's teeth on edge, and long before the call for afternoon stables was sounding, the fair daughter of Dunraven Ranch was housed within the walls of Rossiter, and the "ice was broken." Perry had had the joy of helping carry her into Mrs. Sprague's coolest and coziest room. She had held forth her hand—such a long, white, beautiful hand—and let it rest in his while she said, "You know how impossible it is for me to tell you how I thank you, Mr. Perry," and he had simply bowed over it, longing to say what he thought but powerless to think of anything else; and then he had gone to his own quarters and shut himself in. Mrs. Sprague—bless her!—had invited him to call after retreat, and he had totally forgotten the Lawrences' dinner when he said he would be only too glad to come.

At the sounding of stable call his darky servant banged at the door and roused him from his reverie. He rose mechanically and went out into the broad sunshine, glancing first along the row to see how things were looking at the Spragues and wishing with all his heart that they were somewhere within reach of a conservatory, that he might send a heaping box of fresh and dewy roses to that sacred room where she lay. How many a time, he thought, had he strolled into some odorous shop in the cities where his "leaves" were spent, and carelessly ordered cut flowers by the cubic foot sent with his card to some one with whom he had danced the german the night before and never expected to see again! What wouldn't he give now for just a few of those wasted, faded, forgotten flowers! Stables that afternoon proved a sore trial to him.

When at last the men went swinging homeward in their white canvas frocks and Perry could return to his quarters to dress for his eagerly anticipated call, the first thing that met his eyes as he came in sight of officers' row was a huge, bulky, covered traveling carriage in front of Spragues'. Two or three ladies were there at the gate. Mr. Ewen, the English manager, was just mounting his horse. Dr. Quin, too, was there and already in saddle; and before poor Perry could get half way across the parade, and just as the trumpets were sounding mess call for supper, the bulky vehicle started, the ladies waved their handkerchiefs and kissed their hands, and, escorted by Ewen and the doctor, saluted by Col. Brainard and the adjutant with raised forage caps, Gladys Maitland was driven slowly away and Mrs. Belknap stood there in the little group of ladies smiling sweetly upon him as he hastened towards them. For many a long day afterwards mess call always made him think of Mrs. Belknap's smile, and Mrs. Belknap's smile of mess call. He shuddered at the sound of one or sight of the other.

It was Mrs. Sprague who stepped forward to greet him, her womanly heart filled with sympathy for the sentiment she suspected. She had to push by Mrs. Belknap to reach him, but, this time, no consideration of etiquette stood in the way.

"It couldn't be helped," she said, in low hurried tone, her kind eyes searching his, so clouded in the bitterness of his disappointment. "It couldn't be helped. The news of her accident—or something—brought on a seizure of some kind. Mr. Maitland was taken very ill, and they sent for her. The manager came, and with him her old nurse, Mrs. Cowan, and Dr. Quin said she could be moved without trouble, so she had to go. I hated to have her, too, for I've hardly had a word with her: Mrs. Belknap has been there most of the afternoon, even when she had a guest of her own just arrived, too." And Mrs. Sprague could not but show her vexation at this retrospect.

Perry stood in silence, looking yearningly after the retreating vehicle. It would take him but a few minutes to hasten to stables and saddle Nolan; he could easily catch them before they had gone two miles, but there was parade, and he could not ask to be excused. Not until he suddenly looked around and saw that Mrs. Belknap's dark eyes were fixed in close scrutiny upon his face did he realize how he was betraying himself. Then he rallied, but with evident effort.

The colonel was standing but a few paces away, chatting with Mrs. Lawrence and his faithful adjutant. Mrs. Sprague stepped quickly towards him and spoke a few words in a low tone, while Mrs. Belknap remained looking straight into Perry's eyes. Before the young fellow could gather himself Col. Brainard, as though in reply to a suggestion of Mrs. Sprague's, suddenly started, exclaiming, "Why, by all means!" and then called aloud:

"Oh! Perry, why not gallop down and overtake the Dunraven carriage and say good-by? Here's my horse all saddled now right in the yard. Take him and go; I would!"

There was something so hearty and genial and sympathetic in the colonel's manner that Perry's face flushed despite his effort at nonchalance. The thought of seeing her again and hearing her sweet voice was a powerful incentive. He longed to go. The colonel's invitation was equivalent to an excuse from parade. There was no reason why he should not go. He was on the very point of thankfully accepting the tempting offer, when Mrs. Belknap's words arrested him. Clear and cutting, but still so low that none but he could hear, she spoke:

"Take my word for it, you are not wanted, nor any other man, when Dr. Quin is with her."

Perry's hesitation vanished. "Thank you, colonel. I believe I don't care to go," he answered, and, raising his cap to the ladies, turned on his heel and hurried to his quarters. Mrs. Belknap stood watching him one moment, then calmly rejoined the party at the gate.

"Well," said she, with the languid drawl that her regimental associates had learned to know so well, "this has been a day of surprises, has it not? Only fancy our having a beautiful English heiress here within reach and never knowing it until today!"

"But you had a surprise of your own, had you not?" interposed Mrs. Sprague, who was still chafing over the fact that her lovely and dangerous neighbor should have so monopolized the guest she considered hers by prior right, and who meant to remind her thus publicly of the neglect of which she had been guilty.

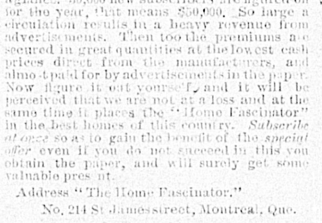
"Mrs. Page, you mean?" responded Mrs. Belknap, with the same languid, imperturbable manner. "Yes; poor Jennie! She is always utterly used up after one of those long ambulance journeys, and can only take a cup of tea and go to bed in a darkened room. All she wants is to be let alone, she says, until she gets over it. I suppose she will sleep till tattoo and then be up half the night. You'll come in and see her, won't you? Au revoir."

And so, calmly and gracefully and victoriously, the dark eyed dame withdrew, leaving her honest hearted antagonist only the sense of exasperation and defeat.

It was full quarter of an hour after parade, and darkness was setting down on the garrison, when Capt. Lawrence's orderly tapped at the door of Mr. Perry's quarters, and, being bidden "Come in," pushed on to the sitting room, where he found that young officer plunged deep in an easy chair in front of the fireplace, his attitude one of profound dejection.

"Beg pardon, lieutenant," said the man, "Mrs. Lawrence and the captain's waitin dinner for you."

(To be Continued.)



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The Colonist.

SUNDAY, APRIL 6, 1890.

RUSSIAN CHARACTERISTICS.

S. Lanin, in the "Fortnightly Review."

Of a hundred persons who have been robbed in Russia, though all might be equally eager to recover their stolen property, no more than twenty, indeed so many, would wish to see the thief punished; and only a few men of these would go to the trouble of actively contributing to the realization of this object. They prefer to curse the thief, wave their hand fatalistically and continue their way as before. "In Saratoff on the Volga," as an eye witness, "the steamer Alexander II. was about to start. It was crowded with passengers. All the first and second-class tickets were sold and in the third-class there was no room for an apple to fall; the passengers, so to say, sat upon each other. After the first whistle, the assistant captain, hurrying through the crowds of third-class passengers, was suddenly stopped by a peasant. 'Your honor, my money has been found,' he said. 'Found! Where?' 'Sewed up in that soldier's mantle. I went over there search for it, and sure enough there were forty-one roubles and a twenty-kopeck piece,' said the peasant, brandishing a chamois-leather purse, as if it were a war trophy. 'Where's that soldier?' 'There he is, asleep.' 'Well, he must be handed over to the police.' 'Handed over to the police! Why to the police? Christ be with him. Don't touch him, let him sleep on,' he repeated naively, good-naturedly adding, 'the money is found; it's all there.' And so the matter ended. But this perversion of moral sense is considerably emphasized when transferred from the offender's person to paper. The Russian is so hearty, so good-humored, so intensely human that dishonesty seems in his hands only a distracted virtue. You catch him in the act, overhaul him, unabashed he confesses, sees nothing very objectionable in the deed, and is ready to sacrifice all his gains to put you in good temper. This trait of mere criminal *bonhomie* in all his dealings with the World, the Flesh and the Devil should never be overlooked in estimating a Russian's character. He is no distressing moralist clamouring for a stringency in public opinion which he will do his best to evade; he asks no greater laxity than he will allow, and playing the game of life with cards in his own sleeve, he would only laugh if you are detected in a similar fraud.

Nowhere is the indulgence with which the people regard the gravest forms of dishonesty—robbery and burglary—so clearly, so unmistakably manifested as in their solemn consecration, their elevation to the dignity of religious ceremonies, in the celebration of one of the most impressive popular festivals of the year. The feast is called Kuzminki, in honour of Saints Cosmus and Damian. It is usually celebrated on November 1, by a number of quaint ceremonies ending with a copious refection, in all of which only unmarried girls take part. In order to get together the refreshments which constitute an essential element of the feast, all the girls of the place rob and steal without exception. And not only do they steal from their parents and relations, but they extend the operation to perfect strangers, whose money, fowls, and moveable property generally, they seize upon with that contempt of consequences which befits apostles of a religious cause. "The feast of Kuzminki," says a special writer on this subject, is "wholesale robbery. The lads also steal for it, giving the booty to the girls. They have no hesitation about using violence to all who resist."

It has been pointed out more than once in the course of this paper that there is a numerous minority of honest men who are neither sectarians nor Jews in this vast empire of dishonesty—men who deserve great praise for fortitude, and greater still for perseverance amid almost irresistible temptations, whose standard of morality is higher than the average standard in England, who would as soon think of cutting out their tongue as of telling a gratuitous or malicious lie, and who would die of starvation rather than defraud friend or enemy. It should not be disguised, however, that they bear upon them unmistakable signs of the influence of the society in which their lot is cast; and while their own conduct may be in strict accordance with the highest principles of justice, their views of the differently shaped actions of their fellow countrymen are determined by considerations wholly foreign, and even hostile to all accepted theories of right living. "I have often conversed," says a Russian writer in a journal approved by the Government censure, "I have often conversed on the subject of theft with men who are absolutely honest; but even they never once expressed that repugnance to lying which characterises the way of thinking of civilized people. An epically calm tone, smiles and laughter at the description of thievish conduct and at what they consider the ludicrous position of the victims of the theft, and a rapturous raising of the voice when detailing the deftness of the robber—that is all that I have observed during such conversations." This inconsistency is apt to puzzle the logical mind. But inconsistency, and even the simultaneous play of diametrically opposed tendencies is to a much greater extent the basis of the Russian character than at first sight seems possible; and a noble deed is often the outcome of an irresistible and sudden impulse felt and acted upon the very instant after the will had deliberately approved and resolved upon a base treason.

This picture of millions of men and woman wallowing in an ocean of moral ooze, wildly stirring up the muddy depths of unimagined baseness, while fighting life's battles on a false issue, is well calculated to evoke profound sensations, to leave lasting impressions. Those whom it moves to self-congratulation or to contemptuous pity would do well to reflect that the frequent back eddies of their own superior civilization are often mighty enough to be confounded for a time with the main outward current. The spirit in which these gaping sores of the Russian people are pointed out to the gaze of the curious world is identical with that which impelled the despairing and dying soldiers of Napoleon's army in Joppa to display theirs in all their disgusting nakedness in the hope of touching the hearts of those responsible for such horrors, and inducing them to adopt some measures with a view to effecting their cure.

Jack Ripley (feeling in all his pockets)—"Strange where the deuce it went to! I can't seem to—" Haberdasher—"Lose anything, sir?" Jack Ripley—"Well, I wanted you to see that all-wool undergarment you sold me two weeks ago, but I guess it must have slipped through a hole in my vest."—Dry Goods Chronicle.

A SOURCE OF WONDER.

A newspaper correspondent, David Kor, traveling in Central Asia, came one evening upon a Cossack camp. Fires were blazing and round them stretched the men, resting after a hard day's march. The traveler was long on the road, and with his white Russian forage cap and travel-stained clothing looked so much like the Cossacks themselves, that he entered the camp quite unnoticed. Then he sat down on a stone and took out a colored map of the country, knowing well that the strange sight would bring the men about him immediately.

"So it proved. I suddenly became aware of a gaunt, sallow, gray-mustached visage—so criss-crossed with saber scars as to look like a railway map—peering over my shoulder. Then another and another came edging in, till I was completely surrounded by wild figures and grim faces.

"'What's that picture, father? We can't quite make it out.'

"'It's not a picture at all, brothers—it's a plan that shows me the very way by which you have come here from holy Russia, and all the places you have passed through.'

"Then seeming not to notice the looks of unbelief and the meaning grins with which my hearers received what they considered to be a most outrageous lie, I went on:

"'Up here at Orenburg you passed the Ural river, and then you marched eastward to Orsk, where you crossed the frontier and turned to the southeast.'

"'So we did, comrades,' shouted half a dozen voices at once. 'He speaks the truth—so we did.'

"'Then you passed Fort Kara Butak, crossed the Kara Koum desert, and halted here and here and here,' naming and describing the various posts.

"The Cossacks listened open-mouthed to the familiar names, and the excited clamor was followed by a silence of utter amazement. Then one said:

"'Father can you show us the very place where we are now?'

"'To be sure I can, my lad. See, that black spot is the village yonder; there's the river twisting and winding, and here is your camp.'

"There was another pause of blank bewilderment, and then the scarred veteran with the gray mustache asked in an awe-struck whisper:

"'But, father, tell me for the love of heaven if we've marched 1000 miles since leaving holy Russia, how can it go into a scrap of paper no bigger than an Easter cake?'"—Chicago Herald.

SANITARY WORK AND ITS RESULTS.

Of late years the city of Brussels has been doing excellent sanitary work, says the official organ of the Maine State Board of Health, and the results have been correspondingly encouraging. From 1868 to 1888 the annual average number of cases of nuisance removed, sanitary improvements made, or premises disinfected, increased from 757 to 2,146, and as the amount of sanitary work increased from 29.3 in 1000 population, in 1868 to 22.9 in 1888, and the deaths from zymotic diseases have come down from 4.60 to 1.31 in the same time. The Brussels Sanitary Bureau costs 48,000 francs a year; and if we estimate every life saved at only £40 (200 dollars), this outlay in sanitary administration is equal to that investment bringing in an annual interest of 1,400 per cent.

SWAZILAND.

An old Swaziland resident, writing to a Transvaal contemporary regarding the future of that country in the event of annexation taking place by the Transvaal, says that in the first place he believes that the majority of those who have been working towards that end entertain the hope that on the Transvaal coming in the large mineral concessions will be cut down, and the land thrown open and proclaimed as public diggings. In the second place, "the Swazis will never consent to be placed under Transvaal rule without fighting. And, moreover, they will make no distinctions, should bloodshed begin between Englishmen and Boers; they will look upon Englishmen as having sold them to Boers, and no white man's life in Swaziland will be worth a day's purchase. They have thousands of guns and know how to use them. During Umbadine's life, his well-known command that he would have no white man's bones bleaching in the country gave us all perfect security. There is no longer this sense of security. I do not wish to act the part of alarmist, but I say emphatically that upon Transvaal annexation neither Barberton nor Steynsdorp will be safe from a murderous raid. Nor, indeed, would they stop there."—Colonies and India, Feb. 26.

CONVENTIONAL MOURNING OR HEALTH?

Which shall it be? The time has come to choose. The N. Y. Medical Journal says: A movement has been started in England to put an end, if possible, to the present irrational mourning costumes that exact of women great personal inconvenience, physical injury and disastrous expense. The conventional costume of a well-bred widow, for instance, possesses every unhygienic, non-asthetic, and costly dress. Proper exercise while she is wearing it is out of the question. The husband who loses his wife escapes such outward trappings, not being forced to adopt any special habiliments that can incommode or injure him. In this new crusade of common sense Lady Haberton takes the lead, setting forth a recent article the reasons why existing mourning costumes should be abandoned by all sensible women. She suggests that persons should provide in their wills that no mourning should be worn for them. To the pang of leaving a family is added the thought that our beloved ones will be suffering physical discomfort and perhaps disease by the fashion of mourning for us. The materials now in use are in themselves injurious, the dyes being often of a poisonous nature and frequently injuring the skin and ruining the complexion. The whole matter, like every other social and domestic question, rests entirely with oppressed womankind. Women are not driven into mourning at the point of the bayonet. The Quakers get along very well without wearing it all. The sincerity of their grief is not questioned because they remain clad in every-day attire. Grief would seem to be a personal affair, sacred to the bereaved individual, needing no outward sign of having taken the world into its confidence. The moral influence of mourning is even more to be deplored than its physical effects. Gloomy garments, darkened rooms, all the subdued life of the house of mourning, depresses the powers, lowers vitality, and absorb an undue quantity of domestic ozone. Speed the day when it shall be considered unbecoming to wipe our eyes upon the public or to dust our neighbors' shelves with any personal woe! All that Diogenes asked of Alexander was that the king should stand out of his sunshine. And we all have a right to demand of society that it take its mourning out of humanity's sunshine.

HOW TO HEAT HOUSES.

It is a standing complaint among Canadians that English people do not know how to heat their houses. In a Canadian house it is possible to go from one room to another in the winter without exposing one's self to the risk of catching cold, there being an equable temperature all over the buildings. Heating by hot water is regarded here as a luxury rather than as a necessity, and work of the kind is rarely carried out successfully. It may, therefore, be interesting to know that a Canadian firm of repute in this branch of business—the E. & C. Gurney Manufacturing Company (Limited), of Hamilton, are about to open up a branch house in London. They have already had some contracts placed in their hands, notably the new Tivoli Restaurant and the Garrick Theatre, as well as some private houses. The boilers, which are of special manufacture, and the radiators are constructed in the Dominion, but the piping is made in England. At the Tivoli and the Garrick the arrangements seem to have given much satisfaction, and the apparatus works admirably. The principal advantages of the system are that the furnaces are most economical in the consumption of fuel, and that the heat can be regulated in a very simple manner. A maximum temperature has been obtained of 180°, but it is generally kept up at about 60°. The enterprise is a very plucky one, and it is to be hoped that the manufacturers will meet with their reward.—Colonies and India, Feb. 26.

RAIN GAMBLING IN CALCUTTA

A writer in the Times of India describes a system of gambling in Calcutta on rain. It is carried on in a "compound" off the Burra Bazaar, where, when a raincloud crosses the sky, a crowd collects of eager, excited men; some rush about frantically, others perch themselves high on adjoining roofs and gesticulate wildly to friends below, while all gaze anxiously at the sky. These are the sutta, or rain speculators, and the system, as explained by the lessee of the compound, in which it is carried on, is extremely simple. On the roof of his office is a ditch which will hold eight surs of water. If a rain cloud burst and the fall exceeds that amount, the overflow is discharged into the compound by a spout. This decides all the bets, those who wagered that it would rain winning. The bets are entered by the proprietor in a book, the commission being 1 pice per rupee, and the transactions being all settled by 10 o'clock the following morning. A defaulter is hardly ever known. The gamblers are mostly money lenders, men of substance and well known to each other. They are a class by themselves, and the stakes are usually inconsiderable, whereas in Bombay it is not unusual to have thousands of rupees bet on the rain. The system has one advantage—rain clouds cannot be manipulated; they cannot be loaded like dice, or "faked" like horses; there are no hand cappers, no starters, no owners and jockeys.—Yorkshire Post.

A WARRIOR'S DESTINATION.

"Yes, I had a conversation once with General Forrest," said a citizen of Arkansaw in reply to a question asked by a friend in the Arkansaw Traveler. "I had just joined the army and knew nothing of the rigid fashions of war. One night, after we had travelled all day, we were stopped in the woods and were told that we would remain there until morning. We were all wondering where we were going. I did not think that it was right to keep us in the dark and I made a remark to that effect.

"'Why don't you go and ask Forrest?' some one remarked.

"'I am not acquainted with him,' I replied.

"'That makes no difference.'

"'That so?'

"'Not a bit. He would be glad to see you. I would ask, but I borrowed a couple of dollars from him the other day, and as I have not been able to repay him, I have been keeping out of his way.'

"I found Forrest sitting under a tree, on a camp stool closely drawn up to an improvised table.

"'Good evening,' said I.

"He looked up, searched me with his peculiar eyes, and said:

"'What do you want?'

"'My name is Dick Anderson.'

"'All right.'

"'I belong to your command. We have been riding all day without knowing where we were going, so I thought I'd come around and ask you.'

"'You are very kind,' said he.

"'Not at all,' I replied.

"'Now Anderson, I do not mind telling you confidentially, but I do not want the whole command to know it.'

"'That's all right, general; I won't tell anybody.'

"'Won't say a word?'

"'No, sir.'

"'You must not, you know, for the enemy might get hold of it. Lean over here and let me whisper to you.' I leaned over and he whispered: 'We are going to hell!'

"Well, sir, I hurried away, and I'll pledge you my word and honor if by 10 o'clock the next day I didn't think we had already got there. That was the only conversation I ever had with General Forrest."—New York Sun.

OVERHEARD IN A BOOKSTORE.

"Have you Marie Batshirtskoff's memoirs?"

"Have you a little book by Marie Shirtbatsoff."

"I want a copy of Baiskirtsoff's reminiscences."

"Have you a little volume bound in white by a Russian girl? I have forgotten just what her name was."

"Can you send me that Boffcatshirtz girl's diary?"

"Say what have got that's new in Russian literature?"

And yet a few hours of close study reveals the fact that Bashkirtseff is not very hard to pronounce.—Puck.

HE WAS A BRUTE.

"I think that Mr. Sumway is the most disagreeable man I ever met," complained Sue.

"Why?" asked Mamie.

"He was reading in the parlor and I was playing. I stopped and said, 'Does music annoy you while reading, Mr. Sumway?' 'No,' said he; 'music never annoys me, Miss Sue.' I just detest him. So there!"—Harper's Bazar.

THE PRUDENT DRUMMER'S ROPE.

They put me next to a drummer at the St. Charles Hotel in New Orleans, and as I was unlocking the door about 10 o'clock at night he came down the hall and asked:

"Well, have you located 'em?"

"What?"

"The fire-escapes."

"No, I never attend to such things."

"You don't? Well, you are in for a roasting some night. I never go to bed in a hotel until after I have located every stairway and fire escape. If there was to be an alarm here to-night I could jump out of bed with the fullest confidence of saving myself. See here a minute."

And he took me into his room and produced from his trunk a fire-escape made of ropes, and explained:

"Should I happen to be cut off from the stairs or escapes, here is my other chance. I catch this hook on the window-sill, so, throw the rope out, so, and I can lower myself fifty feet in forty seconds."

We had been in bed for about two hours when I was awakened by the odor of smoke, and was hardly on my feet when the gong sounded, and there were shouts of "Fire!" The smoke was so thin that I knew the danger was yet afar off and began dressing. While so engaged, I heard the drummer cantering up and down the hall, shouting "Fire!" at the top of his voice. When I finally got out I found him jammed into a linen closet half way down the hall crying like a child. His rope escape hung on the wirework of the elevator, and he had made a bundle of his clothes and flung them over a transom into another room. The fire was out by the time I was dressed, and when the watchman, who was going about to quiet the people, reached our hall, the drummer clasped him around the neck and shouted:

"Say! say! Show me the way down stairs and I will give you $1,000,000 — yes, $20,000,000. — New York Sun."

GOT A SEAT BESIDE HIS GIRL.

A young man and his best girl got into a Third-avenue "L" car last evening at the Forty-third-street station and looked around for a seat. It was just about the time the people were going to the theatre, and the car was crowded.

There were two seats down by the door, however, at which the young couple had entered. One was on either side of a musician in uniform. The young man put his sweetheart in the nearer seat at once, and then stooped and asked the musician to take the one beyond him. The fellow never moved, looked up or answered. He attracted the attention of persons in the end of the car, and their looks and whispers roused the rest of the passengers.

All eyes were directed at the young man standing in front of his girl and holding on by a strap, and the musician sitting sullenly in his seat with his small instrument in his lap. The girl was smiling and blushing and gazing at the young man out of a pair of beautiful blue eyes in a manner that might compensate him for any amount of hardship encountered in her behalf.

She was a very pretty girl, with teeth as white as snow, and there were many men in the car who would be glad to have a chance to hold on by a strap for her sake. Her little hands were folded modestly in her lap, and a pair of patent-leather tipped toy gaiters peeped from beneath her draperies. He was a lucky young man, though he wasn't quite comfortable, as he saw he was occupying the attention of the whole car. He looked back unutterable love, of course, on the fair maiden as he hung by the strap, and presently, as if shocked by the same impulse, three men went over to the instrumentalist.

"Get up!" they said between their teeth, as if with one voice, and the musician rose enough to get free of the division and dropped heavily into the next seat. The nearest man of the three motioned the young man to the empty seat. He thanked them and took it. The girl bowed, and a barely audible "Thank you!" escaped her ruby lips. The three men took off their hats to her and returned to their places, greeted by the plaudits of the car.—N. Y. Herald.

AS TO ELOCUTION.

When a young man loves a young woman, and wishes to make her his wife, the prime question for him to decide is: How shall he ask her? Shall he

Lead her from the festive boards,
Point her to the starry skies?
Guard her, by his truthful words
Pure from courtship's flatteries?

This method has its disadvantages in our variable and uncertain climate, and courtship's flatteries are not always unpleasing to young women, Mrs. Browning to the contrary, notwithstanding. Shall he fall on his knees and pour out his soul in impassioned and more or less unintelligible language? This method, nowadays, is confined to the dramatic stage.

The sensible, nineteenth century, Americag way is for the man manfully to say to the woman: "Will you marry me?" Those are the words she wants to hear, if she be a true woman And those are the right words, because they express the idea that the man wishes to convey to the woman, with purity, propriety and precision—that is with perspicuity. How much this means, every student of rhetoric knows. Moreover, there are in the four words forming the sentence, or, rather, there is in the sentence thus formed clearness, unity, strength and harmony. It is a model sentence.

Assuming then that the words "Will you marry me?" are the right words, it remains to be decided how these words can be best spoken. For, as Seneca very justly says, "the manner of saying a thing does a great way towards the value of the thing itself." It should be laid down as an axiom that no man can control his voice who cannot control his breath. He who can control properly his breath need not hesitate to go into the presence of her who holds his fate in her keeping and say the words that are burning in his heart, knowing that neither the manly agitation nor the proper fear that he feels can cause him to lose control of his voice, and render his speech halting, unintelligible and perhaps repellant to he whom he hopes to win.

Now, as to time. I have no hesitancy in saying, speak very slowly. As every student of elocution knows that is the time in which to deliver sentences expressing gravity, solemnity, reverence, awe, sublimity, command. Without doubt the question falls in one or more of these divisions.

Still another reason for saying "slow." How often do we hear of young women answering the question word: "Why, I had no idea—you take me by surprise—it's so unexpected—it's so sudden!" And so, on account of his foolish precipitancy and unartistic rapidity of speech the wooer gets a stammering and perhaps unsatisfactory answer, to a question easy to answer, and delightful, too.

On one point, the question of emphasis, I can speak with authority. That it is an important point at once will be seen. Suppose the wooer says: "*Will* you marry me?" Is there not danger that in that emphasized "will" the wooer gives the lady the impression that he is almost hopeless that she will? Women want no timid wooers.

If he says, "Will *you* marry me?" he is in danger. It is as though he confessed to having put the question to many another woman, and in vain; as though he said, "I can't get anyone else; will *you* marry me?" Alas for the wooer who emphasizes "you."

Suppose he says, "Will you marry *me*?" Danger again. It is at once apparent that he almost expects the answer to be "No;" that he had little hope that such as she would marry such as he. Emphasis on the "me" would be almost as disastrous as emphasis on the "will."

But—and now you anticipate what I am about to write—suppose the wooer says, "Will you marry me?" Has he not asked the question of questions? What a manly ring the words have! No ambiguity there; no false modesty; no timidity; no whining supplication! "I'm a man, and love you; will you marry me?"

Let us leave the lovers to their bliss.

BRAINARD G. SMITH.

MR. ASTOR IN POLITICS.

New York Corr. Philadelphia Press.

Mr. Astor's possessions and the family distinction will be preserved by young William Waldorf Astor, his son, a young man, who, it is whispered, sometimes grieves at the misfortune which makes him enormously rich. He desires sincerely to use his possessions for a greater end than the mere accumulation and preservation of them. Some years ago he believed that the political field offered tempting opportunities for a young man of wealth and the leisure to devote to it, and when he expressed a desire to enter politics the Republicans gladly recognized him. They sent him to the State Senate at Albany, where I had a chance to watch his development as a politician.

He was clear-headed, industrious, of superb integrity, and a constant menace, through the atmosphere of integrity and self-respect, to some of the cheaper politicians who were then to be found there. The presence of these men annoyed young Astor, but he had the tact and courtesy never to give offence excepting in one direction of which he was entirely unconscious. He had a mannerism which was supposed to be due to a haughty spirit and a consciousness of his enormous wealth, but which was in fact due entirely to diffidence and the restraint which his position in social and business life put upon him when brought in connection upon the same plane with men active in political affairs.

He was very anxious to master state politics, and had an ambition afterward to go to Washington. The Republicans nominated him for Congress and the Democrats pitted Roswell P. Flower against him. By raising a demagogic cry of aristocracy and blue blood, and a false report that Astor was buying votes with twenty-dollar gold pieces, the Democracy was able, in connection with Mr. Flower's pecuniary ability and political cunning, to beat Mr. Astor, and his experience was so unpleasant that he made up his mind that a rich man had no chance in politics in New York unless he was willing to use his riches with eyes closed to the purposes for which large sums of money are spent.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S YACHT.

Captain Jared W. Thompson, an old English sea captain, who has retired with a fortune and is now living at New Haven, Conn., was telling me recently of a visit to England and an inspection of Queen Victoria's beautiful yacht, the Victoria and Albert.

"The yacht cost when built, in 1854," said he, "nearly $800,000, and more than $300,000 has since been expended on the craft. Prince Albert, I am told, designed the internal arrangements of the yacht. There is nothing gaudy about it; everything is plain, but pretty. The yacht is kept scrupulously clean, and this neatness impresses one very much. The deck is laid with cork floorcloth over which, when the Queen is on board, a carpet is placed, and everything else that is seen above the deck is of pure white with gilded relief work and silver mountings. There are several little sitting-rooms and a dining saloon on the promenade deck. The dining-room is furnished in green morocco with a white and gold ceiling.

"The state apartments below," he continued "are placed on either side of a corridor, and they are furnished with a very pretty chintz. Victoria's cabins are on the starboard side, and her sleeping apartment contains a large and old-fashioned but very comfortable looking bedstead, with pillars and a canopy, and next is the dressing-room, which was formerly Prince Albert's cabin, and it remains as he left it, his little waiting-table and wardrobe never having been removed. The Queen seldom uses the yacht now, and when she does take a day's outing she is generally accompanied by Princess Beatrice, whose apartments are aft of her Majesty's quarters. The breakfast room is in the after part of the vessel, and it has very large windows, and is hung with the portraits of the officers who have commanded the royal yachts. The drawing-room is forward on the port side, and is furnished in birdseye maple, with a piano and several beautifully carved side-tables. It is hung with portraits of the members of the royal family."—New York Star.

THE LITTLE BOY WAS RIGHT.

Mr. Knowall (an educator)—Yes, children, I have now told you in most graphic language, the chief points of the study of geology. You have heard about the iron age, and the stone age, and all the rest. Now, who's little boy or girl can tell me what the present age is?

Little Boy—I know, sir; the age of steal.—Rochester Post-Express.

A Scotchman, who had been employed nearly all his life in the building of railways in the highlands of Scotland, came to the United States in his later years and settled in a new section on the plains of the far West. Soon after his arrival, a project came up in his new home for the construction of a railroad through the district, and the Scotchman was applied to, as a man of experience in such matters. "Hoot, mon!" said he, to the spokesman of the scheme; "ye canna build a ra'lway across this kentry!" "Why not, Mr. Ferguson?" "Why not?" he repeated, with an air of settling the whole matter; "why not? And dinna ye see the kentry's as flat as a flure, and ye have naw place whateever to run your toonnels through?"



WOMEN OF FASHION.

Do they Abuse the Use of Cosmetics?—An Opinion Well Worth Studying—Some Startling Statements.

Harper's *Bazar*, in a leading editorial, says:

"An American woman, past thirty, who has kept the bloom and brilliancy of her girlhood, is almost as rare as the dodo.

"In this extremity it is not strange that women look to cosmetics to repair the ravages of climate and custom and that the use of these hazardous allies is rapidly increasing.

"If it were only a question of money wasted and folly enlightened, it would not be worth while to preach upon this text, perhaps. But probably nine out of every ten of the cosmetics in market are positively harmful. White lead, bismuth, arsenic, and other powerful poisons are the usual base. They impart for a time an artificial bloom, always followed by a darkening and coarsening of the grain of the skin. The habitual use of arsenic in pills, wafers or solution results in a disturbance of the circulation, a weakened action of the heart, and not seldom in paralysis."

NOTE.—These are startling statements, and should cause every woman to ponder well before she uses any preparations on her face, where the chances are so great of serious injury following such use. There seems to be but one woman in America who has thoroughly tested cosmetics, and succeeded during her researches in finding an emollient which is absolutely beneficial. Of course our readers will imagine at once that we refer to the Recamier Preparations, which were first used by the famous beauty, Julie Recamier, the secret of which is now owned by Mrs. Harriet Hubbard Ayer, and which are manufactured for sale by her.

We admit that the Recamier Preparations are in great vogue; that Adelina Patti, Mrs. Langtry, Mrs. James Brown Potter, Mme. Modjeska, Sarah Bernhardt, Clara Louise Kellogg and many other such experienced ladies have abandoned all other preparations and only use the Recamiers; because we have seen letters to Mrs. Ayer from them declaring such to be the fact. But it must be borne in mind that they are not strictly cosmetics, such as are referred to above, because Mrs. Ayer has given her word of honor that they contain neither lead, bismuth, nor arsenic, and she publishes a certificate from Prof. Stillman, of Technology, that they contain nothing but that which is allowed by the French Pharmacopiœa. There can be no doubt that a woman whose face is tanned, sunburnt, full of pimples, those disgusting blackheads, or other imperfections, which are caused by our mode of life and the exposures to which we are subjected, must certainly be more or less repulsive, if not absolutely disgusting.

A woman who permits her complexion—her most important feature—to indicate uncleanliness, must expect such results. The most ignorant and even deformed woman in the world is attractive to men if she has a beautiful complexion and looks tidy; and the only articles so far discovered and which are used by every woman of fashion are the Recamier Preparations.

What the Recamier Preparations are and Why they are to be Used.

Recamier Cream, which is first of these world famous preparations, is made from the recipe used by Julie Recamier. It is not a cosmetic, but an emollient to be applied at night just before retiring, and to be removed in the morning by bathing freely. It will remove tan and sunburn, pimples, red spots or blotches, and make your face and hands as smooth, as white and as soft as an infant's.

Recamier Balm is a beautifier, pure and simple. It is not a whitewash, and, unlike most liquids, Recamier Balm is exceedingly beneficial and is absolutely imperceptible except in the delicate freshness and youthfulness which it imparts to the skin.

Recamier Lotion will remove freckles and moth patches, is soothing and efficacious for any irritation of the cuticle, and is the most delightful of washes for removing the dust from the face after travelling, and is also invaluable to gentlemen to be used after shaving.

Recamier Powder is in three shades, white, flesh and cream. It is the finest powder ever manufactured, and is delightful in the nursery, for gentlemen after shaving and for the toilet generally.

Recamier Soap is a perfectly pure article, guaranteed free from animal fat. This soap contains many of the healing ingredients used in compounding Recamier Cream and Lotion.

The Recamier Toilet Preparations are positively free from all injurious ingredients, and contain neither Lead, Bismuth nor Arsenic, as attested to, after a searching analysis, by such eminent scientists as

HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D., LL. D., Member of the London, Paris, Berlin and American Chemical Societies.

THOS. B. STILLMAN, M. Sc., PH. D., Professor of Chemistry of the Stevens Institute of Technology.

PETER T. AUSTEN, PH. D., F. C. S., Professor of General and Applied Chemistry, Rutgers College and New Jersey State Scientific School.

If your druggist does not keep the Recamier Preparations, refuse substitutes. Let him order for you or order yourself from either of the Canadian offices of the Recamier Manufacturing Company, 374 and 376 St. Paul street, Montreal, and 50 Wellington street, E., Toronto. For sale in Canada at our regular New York prices: Recamier Cream, $1.50; Recamier Balm, $1.50; Recamier Moth and Freckle Lotion, $1.50; Recamier Soap, scented, 50c.; unscented, 25c.; Recamier Powder, large boxes, $1.00; small boxes, 50c.

"I 0 2 wish 2 8," he said,
"My 28d is plain;
And yet if w18 is 2 win
I'll w8 and w8 again."

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANUFACTURES OF JAPAN
JUST RECEIVED BY
-:- STEAMSHIP "ABYSSINIA." -:-

Handsome Screens in velvet, Satin, Lawn and Paper, of various sizes, to suit all purposes. Useful Lacquered Ware, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Work-boxes, Writing Desks, Cabinets, etc. Very choice artistic Bronze and Antimony Ware. Silks in roll, Piece, Handkerchiefs, etc. Silk Morning and Tea Gowns, Jackets, Tea Cosies. Glove, Handkerchief and other boxes. Socks and Stockings. Good Carvings in Ivory. Attractive paintings on glass. Very choice Porcelain Ware. Dolls. Swords. Richly Carved and ornamental black wood Brackets.

Orders now being taken for Silk Handkerchiefs with Monogram Initials, etc., to choice, worked on same.

A Splendid Stock of other Goods, well worth inspection. Special consignments to suit all parties

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA.

THE WHITE HOUSE
Our Spring Wraps and Millinery
ON VIEW TO-DAY.
HENRY YOUNG & CO.

NEW GOODS. LATEST STYLES.
B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,
97 JOHNSON STREET.
GOOD VALUE. LOW PRICES.
mc26

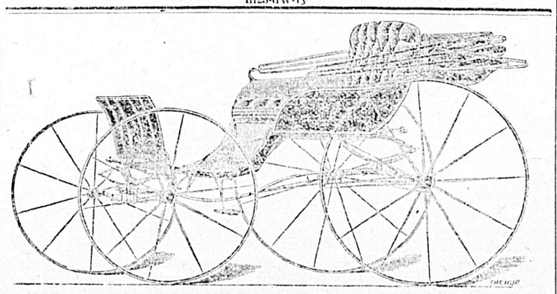
JOHN WEILER
IS NOW RECEIVING
Baby Carriages of Latest Designs. Lancaster Window Shading, some new patterns Carpets, Linoleums, Curtains and Poles, antique Furniture of all kinds.
An invoice of Lincrusta Walton, the most popular of inferior wall decorations.
Furniture, Office Fittings and Mantels of every description made to order.
Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery and House Furnishings in the Province.
SHOWROOM: 51 TO 55 FORT ST. FACTORY: HUMBOLDT ST.
dec 22-12m

Imperial Fire Insurance Co. of London.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, $6,000,000; TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS, OVER $8,000,000.
Insurances Effected on all Classes of Property at Current Rates.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
E. D. LACY, Resident Manager for Canada at Montreal, H. E. CROASDAILE, Agent for Vancouver Island, 42 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.
fy1-6m

SEE OUR $3.00 BOOTS
LACED AND ELASTIC SIDES.



BEST VALUE
—IN THE—
DOMINION
AT ERSKINE'S BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,
132 Government street, corner Johnson.
m23-d-w-1y



CARRIAGES, WAGONS and CARTS
IN GREAT VARIETY AT
T. G. PRIOR & CO.'S,
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. - VICTORIA, B. C.
feb-1-d-w1y

GEORGE POWELL & CO.
CHEAPSIDE.
Cheapest House West of Toronto.
In Stock the Best and Cheapest Stoves, the Cheapest Tinware in the Province, Crockery, Glassware, Furniture, Electro-plated Goods and Cutlery, Gardening Tools and Hardware, Carpenter Tools, the Best, and at Bedrock Prices.
Cheapside, 146 Government St., Bet. Johnson & Cormorant Sts.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—LILLOOET DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of section 3, Chapter 15, "Consolidated Acts, 1888," the proclamation dated 22nd March, 1879, setting apart certain parcels of land situate on Pavilion Mountain, as a Common for the depasturage of cattle, has been cancelled.
JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
March 4th, 1890. ap1-1mo

NOTICE.

FRIDAY the 4th day of April, and Monday the 7th day of April next, being Statute Holidays, the Public Offices will be closed on those days.
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
27th March, 1890. ap1-td

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE
27th March, 1890.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following Rules of Court:—

1. There shall be a vacation in the Supreme Court from Thursday, the 3rd April, 1890, to Tuesday, the 8th April, 1890, both days inclusive, during which vacation no pleading shall be delivered or cause tried.

2. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the trial of causes triable elsewhere than at Victoria.

3. These rules may be cited as the "Easter Vacation Rules, 1890."

By Command.
JNO. ROBSON,
ap1-td Provincial Secretary.

RESERVE

Notice is hereby given that all Fore Shore or Tidal Lands which are or which may become the property of the Province, are hereby reserved from sale or settlement, and all persons are hereby notified not to encroach upon any such Fore Shore or Tidal Lands.
F. G. VERNON.
Chief Commissioner of Lands & W'ks.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 15th March, 1890. m16

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that lands lying within the Moodyville Saw Mill Company's timber limits, which are situated on the north side of Burrard Inlet, are not open to purchase or pre-emption, and all persons are warned against squatting upon or otherwise dealing with said lands.
F. G. VERNON,
Chief Com. of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 17th March, 1890. m18

NOTICE.

Supply of School Furniture.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 31st day of May next, for supplying the Educational Department with school desks.

The desks must be of an approved pattern, with iron frames and hardwood finish, in all respects fully up to the standard of a sample desk which may be seen at this office. Preference will be given to home manufacture, all points of merit being equal.

Tenders must give full particulars, and must state the price for each desk and for each rear seat delivered set up ready for use in the school-houses at Victoria, Nanaimo, Vancouver or New Westminster, in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 26th March, 1890.
mar28-2mo

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1890.

SPRING ASSIZES.
[*On Vancouver Island.*]
Victoria.....Monday....19th May.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday....3rd June.
[*On Mainland.*]
New Westminster..Wednesday.4th June.
Kamloops.....Monday....2nd June.
Clinton.....Monday....9th June.

FALL ASSIZES.
[*On Mainland.*]
Richfield.....Monday....8th Sept.
Clinton.....Wednesday.24th Sept.
Kamloops.....Monday....6th Oct.
Lytton.....Monday....13th Oct.
New Westminster..Wednesday.12th Nov.
[*On Vancouver Island.*]
Victoria.....Monday....24th Nov.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday....2nd Dec.
ap1-1mo

NOTICE.

Estate of David Bosworth, Deceased.

CREDITORS are requested to send their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith, to Miss Elizabeth Coles, executrix of the will of the deceased.
J. ROLAND HEFT,
Barrister-at-Law.
Victoria, March 19, 1890. mc20-1m

CENTRAL CITY BUILDING LOTS

BLOCK 2, VICTORIA, B. C.

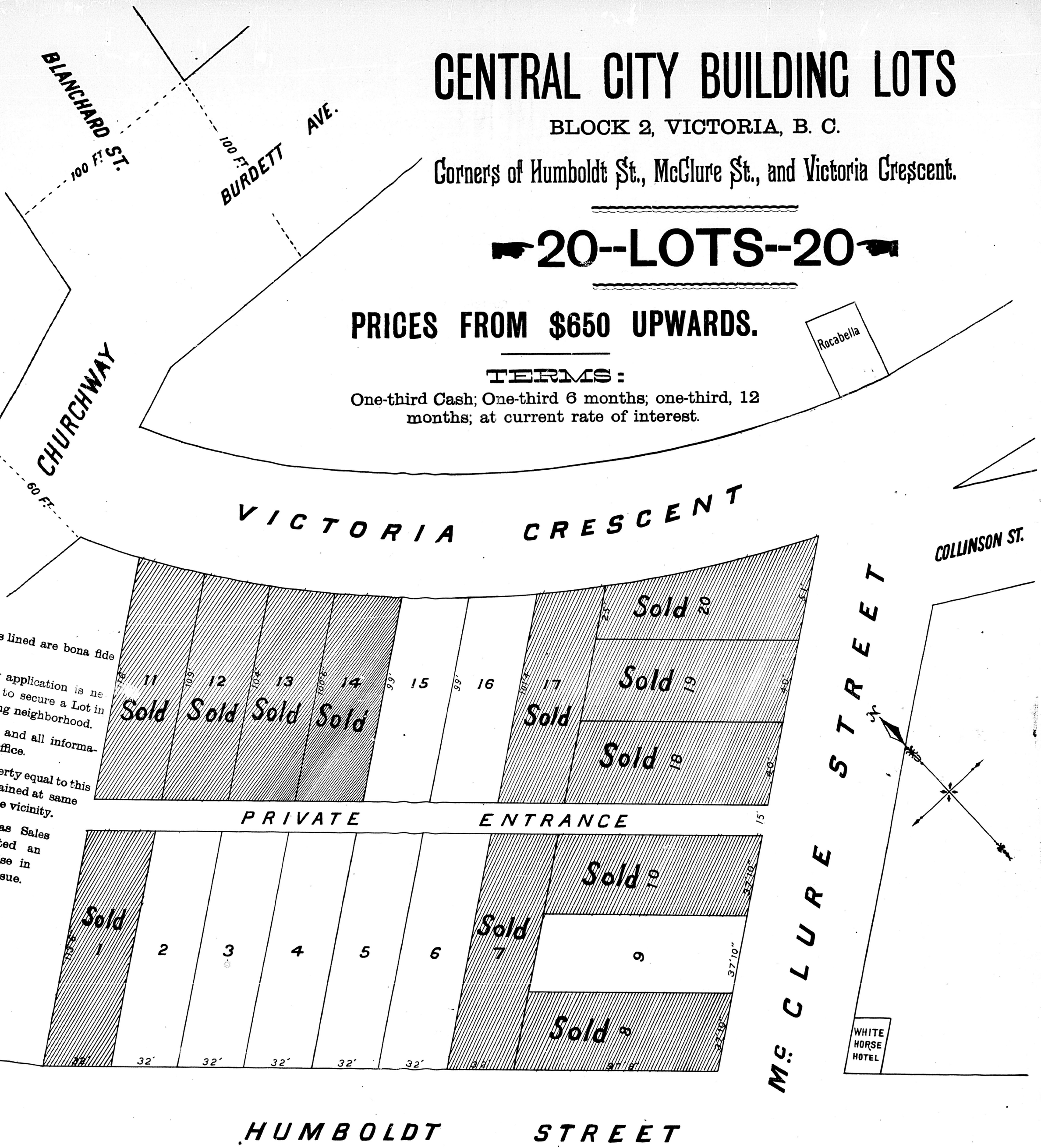
Corners of Humboldt St., McClure St., and Victoria Crescent.

20--LOTS--20

PRICES FROM $650 UPWARDS.

TERMS:

One-third Cash; One-third 6 months; one-third, 12 months; at current rate of interest.



Lots lined are bona fide Sold.

Early application is necessary to secure a Lot in this rising neighborhood.

Names and all information at Office.

No property equal to this can be obtained at same prices in the vicinity.

As soon as Sales are completed an immediate rise in values will ensue.

This desirable property is well situated about 350 yards from the New Canadian Western Hotel, and 100 yards from the Junction of Douglas and Humboldt Street, and when the few feet of road connecting Blanchard Street and Victoria Crescent is completed will be on the main thoroughfare to the Park.

These are the only central building Lots now offering, and may be classed as business property, and if the daily tax for car fares is added to the prices charged for outside Lots these will on comparison be found far cheaper than any on the market, besides being likely in the near future to be in request for sites for stores.

ONE PRICE TO ALL. NO RESERVE.

INDEFEASIBLE TITLES.

E. M. JOHNSON,

Corner Broughton and Government Sts., - VICTORIA, B. C.

DUTY ON MINING MACHINERY.

To the Editor: If what the Dominion Government intends to do is as you state, to continue to charge duty on mining machinery imported if similar machinery is manufactured anywhere in the Dominion, you are quite right in describing what is intended as "not much of a concession" to our mining industry.

When this tariff change is put in operation, my belief is that it will be found to be a complete humbug.

I infer this from the fact that the plant bought in California for the provincial government works at Cariboo was to come in free if a similar plant was not to be had in the Dominion. That it could not be obtained in the Dominion every mining man knows. Yet the Minister of Customs, who is the worst kind of devil-fish as he has his tentacles cast around every industry and sucks the life out of them, charged duties, and when the provincial government protested his contention was that it was for the provincial government to prove that it could not obtain the same kind of machinery in Canada.

How is this going to work with British Columbians. Take my case for an example, as it will serve as an illustration of that of many others. I am part owner of a galena mine. To work it with a chance of profit I must crush and concentrate the ore and ship to a smelter. For this I must have rolls and a concentraitng plant. What I know will suit me I can get best in Chicago. If I buy there and apply at the customs for free admission I am met by a refusal and the request to prove that I could not procure them in Canada. How is it possible for me to do this? If the Dominion Government means the square thing by the mining industry it would allow all mining machinery to come in free for a few years, and thus give the mines a chance.

A moderate encouragement to manufactures is, I think, desirable, for they help a country, but the big thing to assist is the development of natural resources. Natural products are the great wealth creators. Without them there would be nothing to manufacture. Yet the worst taxed classes are the farmers, the coal miners, the mineral miners and the lumbermen. What sort of a "national policy" do you call it which raises the cost of production and does nothing to throw open markets to the producer? No wonder is it that the Dominion is the most non-progressive country in America, that it even lags behind the Argentine Republic, peopled by a mongrel race.

Do you not think this "national policy" is being run into the ground? The way it is worked is this. To-day B and C are taxed for the benefit of A. To-morrow A and C are taxed for the benefit of B. The next day A and B are taxed for the benefit of C, and thus, under the pretext of helping one at the expense of others, by the time the policy is carried out, the whole population is burdened with a heavy load of taxation and every industry is crippled by an enormous sum which is annually taken from it and bagged by those who run the government machine.

This sort of thing is especially rough upon the miner, who has what he wears and eats and the tools he works with taxed before he has a fair show to work his mine and make anything. In the majority of cases he gets flat broke in consequence. Taxation eats him up before he can make his mine pan out.

But, says the man who knows nothing about it, what you should do is to get capitalists to develop the mines. The answer to this is that although capitalists are sometimes taken in, as a rule they have acquired their capital by the exercise of intelligence, and are therefore careful not to venture into an industry in a country where the policy of the government is to fleece them and not give them a chance of making a profit.

There are without doubt plenty of good mines in British Columbia, but the fact is the annual output from all of them is less than from an ordinary single mine in any one single mineral state or territory in the United States. Take little Idaho and compare it with big British Columbia, which has the same mineral belts, divided only by a political line which is the sole barrier to progress. The yield of minerals in little Idaho was about seven million dollars in 1888, and over fourteen millions in 1889. In big British Columbia it was under five hundred thousand dollars! Such a contrast is so striking that it needs but to be pointed out to set the most thoughtless thinking. Members at Ottawa may get up in Parliament and spread themselves after dinner about everything being lovely in British Columbia, but that does not alter the fact that the people are thoroughly disgusted with the present political situation. They object to being skinned alive by the tariff knife, and whenever the opportunity arrives to vote on either unrestricted reciprocity, or failing that federation of the Empire, or political union with the United States, it will surprise Ottawa politicians to find what public opinion really is.

British Columbian Miner.

Whyworkingmen should buy a lot in the new subdivision. 1st, They are cheap—$275. 2nd They are easy of access—400 yards from the tr mway. 3rd, Location very desirable—high ground and heathy. 4th. Terms are easy—1-3 down, balance in 6 months. 5th, The number of these lots is limited—everybody can't get one. Bourchier, Croft & Mallette.

NERVOUS DISEASES.

Some Interesting Facts About These Too Common Afflictions—Encouragement for the Sufferers—How even the Worst Cases can be Cured, and the Patient Live to Good Old Age.

NERVOUS TROUBLES WHICH MAY BE EASILY CURED.

If the nerves get tired easily, the sleep is poor, and there is lack of brain force, don't think that the sure end is the insane asylum or the grave. Of course if these symptoms are not attended to in season, there is a very strong probability of serious results. One of the worst features of this nerve exhaustion is that there is not enough vitality left to resist fever, pneumonia, or other dangerous illness, and the apparently vigorous person is an easy prey for death.

That is an overpowering reason for taking care of the nerves. But it is not the strongest. Better a sudden, unexpected death than the living death in the insane asylum, which is too often the end of neglected brain and nervous diseases. In the first stages of nervous affections, Paine's Celery Compound is a positive cure. And it has often cured those whom friends and physicians had given but a few days to live. Mr. Richard D. Young, the well-known prefumer of 100 William street, New York, is always glad to tell any enquirer how he was cured of insanity by Paine's Celery Compound. Others will tell you it cured them of paralysis, St. Vitus's dance, and the most serious forms of nerve and brain diseases.

This medicine is a pure scientific preparation that strenghtens the nerves and restores the brain to vigor. Use it and see how soon the return of strong memory, clear sightedness in business affairs, and energetic feelings, will prove the wondrous power of this grand invigorator.

One Little Piggie.

I OWNED a litter of pigs. They throve well until a month old, when their throats swelled, and spite of all remedies they all died except one, which was nearly dead. Laughingly I said I would try Yellow Oil, and gave it a thorough application. He improved at once, and soon was all right.

w-f-s WILLIAM WINDSOR, Brinsley, Ont

EPISCOPALIANS IN VICTORIA.

To the Editor:—I am sure we should all be grateful to the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven for the additional information he gives us to-day in The Colonist about the position of the Episcopalians in this province. He admits, he states, he affirms, he asserts, that of the five Episcopalian clergymen in Victoria two are paid from the investments of money sent here from England, when the Episcopalians were much poorer than they are now. He says, "it is true the incomes of the Bishop and Archdeacon are derived from endowments;" so, then, the Episcopalians of Victoria do not contribute, according to Mr. Scriven, one single cent towards the incomes to the two most highly paid officials in their sect, or community.

Still more, Mr. Scriven says that just lately the Episcopalians have got—to quote his own language—"substantial aid from England." I have to-day looked into the dictionary, and I cannot find any difference between getting "subsidized" from England, as I put it, and getting "substantial aid from England," as the Archdeacon puts it. There may be a moral distinction between the two, but that, let us leave to casuists, and people of that sort. Plain citizens cannot recognize any difference. With these admissions of the Archdeacon, how is it possible that what I said was either "unfair" or calculated to give a "false impression." And I ask now, is it in the slightest degree inaccurate to say that the Episcopalians have never, so far, "paid their own way" in this province, although they are so wealthy? My contention was, that because the Episcopalians here have so much money they should send yearly "substantial aid," as the Archdeacon euphemistically puts it, to help to Christianize the East end of London, and that point seems to be about all that Mr. Scriven and I don't agree about.

In another part of his letter the Archdeacon, who is a trained speaker and a practised writer (he cannot tell how much I envy him) says it is not true that the Episcopal church here is "controlled" from England. I have, since I read his letter, looked into that great English authority (and it is one's duty to bow to authority), Whittaker, and at page 235, this year, there is a list of "Colonial and Missionary Bishops." In it are to be found Canadian, Indian, Australian bishops, etc., etc. But under one special heading there are the names of 20 dioceses "under the Archbishop of Canterbury," and I find there Bishop Hills, of Columbia; Bishop Ridley, of New Caledonia; Bishop Sillitoe, of New Westminster, and Bishop Llewellyn Jones, of Newfoundland. Besides these four on this continent, there is the funniest and the queerest group: Bishops from classic regions like Sierra Leone, Niger River, Honolulu, Corea, Falklands, some of whom will not likely be white men. These 20 bishops are all on a level as being "under the Archbishop of Canterbury," and if that does not mean that they are "controlled" from England, what can it mean?

A Citizen.

April 1, 1890.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Palatable as Milk.

Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

mc21-eod-d-w.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

Advice to Invalids—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating system of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of Chlorodyne, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, etc.

*** Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians that he had received a despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Manilla, to the effect that Cholera had been raging fearfully, and that the ONLY remedy of any service was Chlorodyne—See "Lancet," December 31, 1864.

Caution.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Caution—Beware of Piracy and Imitations. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell-square, Bloomsbury, London. mc20-6ms-law



NOTICE.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

A REWARD OF TWO HUNDRED Dollars will be paid by the Government of British Columbia for such information as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons concerned in the killing and murdering of Henry T. Sunbury, in the eastern part of the City of Vancouver, on or about the 30th day of March last.

By Command,

JNO. ROBSON,
Prov'l Secretary,

Provincial Secretary's Office,
April 2nd, 1890. ap3-1mo

MUNICIPAL.

DOGS AT LARGE.

THE PUBLIC ARE REQUESTED TO take notice that all dogs found at large within the City limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provision of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall,

By order, CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Victoria, April 1st, 1890. ap2

REAL ESTATE.

E. M. JOHNSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

(ESTABLISHED TEN YEARS.)

$60,000 for immediate investment at current rates, in sums to suit.

FOR SALE,

On Easy Terms,

BUILDING LOTS

Humboldt Street and Victoria Crescent,
Fernwood Road and Chatham Street,
Stanley Avenue,
Moss Street and Fairfield Road,
Oak Bay Avenue,
Richmond Road,
Niagara and Battery Street,
Beacon Hill Park,
Bellot Street,
Menzies Street,
Work Street, David Street,
John Street, Henry Street,
Pemberton Road,
Victoria West.

Money found to build for those buying for Cash.

See our list and prices before buying outlying lots not yet opened up.

Houses, Acres, Farms, Timber and Coal Lands for Sale.

RENTS AND INTEREST.

Special attention given to collection of Rents and interest, and prompt returns made. Highest references if required.

CONVEYANCING

in all its branches cheaply and expeditiously carried out.

MONEY

To be lent on freehold mortgage and investments found for capitalists on first-class securities.

Long list of city lots, suburban acres and country property and farms on sale.

Maps, detail plans, and all information at

Office, Cor. Government and Broughton Streets,

VICTORIA.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 11,

To take effect at 8.40 a.m. on Tuesday, October 15, 1889. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays only.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.
Ar 1.21 P.M	Ar 5.58 P.M		VICTORIA	De 8.40 A.M	De 2.30 P.M	
" 1.20	" 5.51		RUSSELL'S, Vic. W	" 8.44	" 2.34	
" 1.10	" 5.44		ESQUIMALT	" 8.51	" 2.44	
" 12.43	" 5.19		GOLDSTREAM	" 9.21	" 3.09	
" 11.48 A.M	" 4.24		SHAWNIGAN L'E	" 10.16	" 4.04	
" 11.36	" 4.14		COBBLE HILL	" 10.28	" 4.14	
" 11.19	" 3.59		McPHERSON'S	" 10.45	" 4.29	
" 11.07	" 3.49		KOKSILAH	" 10.57	" 4.39	
" 11.02	" 3.44		DUNCAN'S	" 11.02	" 4.44	
" 10.52	" 3.34		SOMENOS	" 11.12	" 4.54	
" 10.26	" 3.12		CHEMAINUS	" 11.38	" 5.16	
De 9.24	" 2.14	P.M. Ar 7.15	NANAIMO	Ar 12.40 P.M	" 6.14	P.M. De 10.00
Ar 9.15			NANAIMO	De 12.49		
De 9.00	De 1.39	De 7.00	WELLINGTON	Ar 1.01	Ar 6.29	Ar 10.15

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
my29 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

THE ONLY

TRANSCONTINENTAL LINE

Running Solid Trains

—FROM—

Pacific to Atlantic Coast

—CONSISTING OF—

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleeping Cars—the latter free.

THROUGH TICKETS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in United States and Canada.

Can be purchased at less rate than *via*. any other line.

PASSENGERS BOOKED

To and From All European Points!

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

ROBT. IRVING,
Freight and Pass. Agent.

D. E. BROWN, Gov't St., Victoria, B.C.
Asst. Gen'l Fr't & Pass. Ag't,
Vancouver. fe23

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take

To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO

(NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed,
Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers.
Of Latest Equipment.

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
32 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between James Hastie and Charles B. Lockhart, under the firm name of "Hastie & Lockhart," has been dissolved by mutual consent. The said James Hastie will continue to carry on business at the old stand, and will pay all the liabilities of, and collect all debts due to the late firm.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 24th day of March, 1890.

JAMES HASTIE.
C. B. LOCKHART.

Witness—H. G. Hall. mc25-1m

NOTICE.

Cowichan and Salt Spring Island Market.

THIS Market will be held at Duncan's, in the Society's Grounds on Saturday, April 5th, when we hope to see a good attendance. B. WAINMAM, Sec.
mh29 d&w Quamichan.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH.

A 25 cent Meal!

OF THE BEST—AT THE

COLONIAL HOTEL, Johnson St.

oc12-tf

UNION CREDIT AND PROTECTIVE Association—Head quarters, 455 Main street, Winnipeg, Man. For collection of old and worthless accounts anywhere in the world, and no charges if not collected. O. E. Collins, Manager and Treasurer. All applications to be made to Winnipeg offices. ap14-12mo

MISCELLANEOUS.

A FEW POINTERS!

TO-DAY

The LANSDOWNE HOUSE will display their Spring and Summer Novelties, and respectfully extend an invitation to all to call and inspect their beautiful Goods.

1st Point

SHOW ROOM.

Millinery, Mantles, Flowers, Feathers, are to be seen on the 2nd Floor. This department is in charge of Mrs. Hall, whose ability as a Milliner needs no commendation.

2nd Point

DRESSMAKING.

This department is in charge of Miss Donnelly, and has given every satisfaction. LADIES—for style, perfect fit, and durability, call and see Miss Donnelly, at Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

3rd Point

In the Windows, upon the Counters, on the Shelves, are to be seen—

New Dress Goods,	New Gloves,	New Parasols,
New Prints,	New Laces,	New Umbrellas,
New Silks,	New Ribbons,	New Hosiery,
New Velvets,	New Covers,	New Corsets.

FULL LINE OF STAPLE DRY GOODS.

4th Point

While we earnestly beg you to call and inspect our bargains, we neither ask nor expect any favors unless we fully demonstrate with goods and prices the economy that lies in dealing with us.

JOHN PARTRIDGE,

LANSDOWNE HOUSE,

86 Yates Street, - - Victoria, B. C.

TO CONTRACTORS

JUST RECEIVED.

LARGE SHIPMENT BOILED AND RAW

English Linseed Oil

—ALSO—

318 CASES SHELF HARDWARE

Which we are now opening out.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

YATES AND BROAD STREETS. mar21

FENCING.

Best and Cheapest in the Market; Effective, Durable and Portable. This Fencing is manufactured by us of either laths or pickets, four feet long, woven in galvanized steel wire, and we can place the pickets any distance apart. Price—$1.00 per rod (16½ feet) and upwards.

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S,

70 YATES STREET. my4-12mos TELEPHONE 454.

"STORM."

THIS YOUNG THOROUGHBRED TROTTING STALLION WILL SERVE A limited number of mares at the Victoria Jockey Club grounds, Cadboro Bay Road, for the season of 1890, commencing 1st April and ending 1st July.

Storm was foaled 25th April, 1886; is a rich Seal Brown in color, stands 16½ hands high; weighs 1,200 pounds, and is remarkably good tempered. He has fine action and though never trained has shown some exceedingly fast quarters. A glance at the subjoined pedigree will convince horsemen that Storm is royally bred. Terms, $40 (to accompany first service) for the season, with privilege of returning next season if the mare does not prove to be in foal.

Great care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible for any that occur.

STORM.
- TEMPEST.
  - Carr's Mambrino
    - Mambrino Patchen
      - Mambrino Chief.
      - Daughter of Gano.
    - 1st daughter of Mamb. Chief, 2nd dam by Imp Jordon.
  - Bluegra s.
    - Hambletonian (10).
      - Abdallah by son of Imp. Mess.
      - Chas. Kent mare, by Imp. Belfonder. Grayfoot, by Imp. Grayfoot.
    - Daughter of
      - daughter of Excelsior, by Eclipse.
- JEANE PERAULT.
  - Signal.
    - This horse was imported from Kentucky to California in an early day by Mr. Singletery, now a banker at San Jose.
    - The sire of STANDARD TROTTERS, ped. untraced.
  - The Banker's daughter
    - John Nelson.
    - Miss Eaton.
      - Trustee, a 20-mile horse. Untraced, S.T.B., by Mess Belmont, Thoroughbred. Rebecca, by Imp. Glencoe.

N. B.—Good pasturage can be had at $2.50 per month.

mr29 JOHN SANGSTER, Manager.

BUY THE CELEBRATED

EUREKA GARDEN HOSE

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST CLASS HARDWARE HOUSES AND PLUMBERS IN

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Beware of Imitations! Beware of Imitations!

TORONTO RUBBER CO'Y.

MAIN OFFICE, 28 King St. West, Toronto.

W. W. FARLEY, Traveling Representative.

feb27-e-o-d

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.

VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

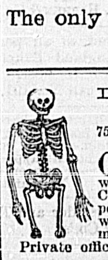
Corner Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C

no23

THE POODLE DOG

The only FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AND RESTAURANT IN VICTORIA, B. C.

mar27



DR. JORDAN'S Museum of Anatomy, 751 Market st., San Francisco.

GO AND LEARN HOW TO avoid disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Consultation and treatment, personally or by letter, on weakness and all diseases of men. Send for Book.

Private office, 211 Geary street.

mh6dwtf

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physican who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address: THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. nov9

Langley & Co., Agents.

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 11 a. m

"Walla Walla," - April 4th.

R. P. RITHET & CO.,
mar26 Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY



Steamer ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th 1889,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Lv Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 7.00 a.m
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited)

Time Table No. 12, takes effect January 1, 1890.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock, a. m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock

Fraser River Route:

Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamship SARDONYX will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager,
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. jy25



S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST. one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

PETER HANSEN,

CITY SCAVENGER, YARDS AND cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders at Dixi Ross & Co.'s, Robert Porter and Market, Johnson and Douglas streets Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ap12-12m

Victoria Employment Bureau.

No. 23—TIM KEE—Store St.

Can supply all kinds of Chinese help cooks, housekeepers, etc., at wages to suit. Chinese Guides furnished to Tourists.

"CONTRACTOR."

Labor guaranteed. Telephone No. 580

No charges made against Employers of labor.

ap26-12mo

MEDICAL.

Burdock Blood Bitters

REGULATES THE Bowels, Bile and Blood.

CURES Constipation, Biliousness all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint Scrofula, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

Watford, Ont.

My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. Mrs. Hopperon.

HAGYARD'S

"YELLOW OIL"

Cures Rheumatism.

Freeman's Worm Powders

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of errors, early decay, wasting weakness, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER. Moodus, Conn. nov9-d&w

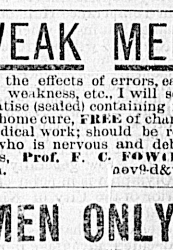
FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE FOR GENERAL AND NERVOUS DEBILITY; WEAKNESS of BODY and MIND; and ALL TROUBLES Arising from Early Indiscretions. Robust HEALTH fully Restored. Absolutely Unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N Y.

my14-eod&w 1yr

LIFE RENEWER!

The Only Sure Cure RUPTURE REMEDY is Electricity. Dr. Pierce's is the only genuine Electric Truss in the world. Sealed Pamphlets &c. M. E. T. Co., 704 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal



$6 and Up.

DR. PIERCE'S New BODY-BATTERY with Electric Suspensory for Men, is far superior to all others, and gives a current which can be INSTANTLY FELT BY THE WEARER. This BELT will POSITIVELY CURE without medicine—Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Liver and Kidneys, Female Weakness. Impotency, Lack of Power, etc. For full particulars call or send stamp for Sealed Pamphlet No. 2. Address:

"GALENA PILES APPLIER" An instrument for Home treatment of Piles. All Diseases of the Rectum. New Invention! Send 2c for PAMPHLET No. 3. Address M. E. T. Co., 704 Sacramento St., SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

mar15-eod-dw-1yr

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, APRIL 6, 1890.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Yosemite, from Westminster—J Clarke, B Wright, T Toggs and six others.

Per Str. Islander from Vancouver.—D Courtney, A. H. Buchanan, S. S. Gore, R J Harvey, P Fox, R Clarke, C Lane, Mrs Stoddard, Miss A Stoddard, Miss M. Stoddart, Chas Mumford, J M Alexander, J L Bowker, Miss Della Wentworth, W Rose, F G Vernon, M Appleby, L H Wright, B Heathcote, C Brane, W H Grassie, Mrs Grassie, Rev M Tait, J Ellwood, J Gittings, R A Anderson, A J Holmes, W J Archer, J D Hall, W H Finlayson, A Cruickshanks, R E Trevor, Ben Pettingill, S H Romans, T Mallandaine, F R Russell, L Le Quim, J Hooper, E C Swarsland, Jas Jennings, A Gilmore, T W Fawcett, R Martin, W F Bullen, James Simes, Jane Simes, D R Haggart, W H McDonald, Mrs McDonald.

Per Str. Olympian, from Puget Sound—D Palmer, W Upton, L W Myers, Mrs W T Freeman, A Moggett, J R Grant, C W Papts, Mrs Beggs, Miss Beggs, C B Knox, W Frank, E E Ellis, Miss Harris, C W Jones, W J Beatty, Mrs F H Raiff, Miss Whipple, J F Hopkins, W Myers, Col J C Haines, J D Cuthbert, A S Wadleigh, J A Leach, M S Smith, H D Lyman, G W Biggar, J McDermott, W Birch, A Birch, Miss Cross, F C Natira, G Beckingham, W Anderson, S George, Mrs Hudson, Wm Carline, R Drun, Jno Leary and wife, C C Torry, Jno Schrode, Thos McGuire, C F Booth and wife, L Levy, P McEwen, J I Yates and wife, Miss Jefferson, A K Kenyon, Com Smith, J T Rowe, J B Bennett, L A Westbrook, S Cameron, W R Young, J Campion, J Bell, J. Taylor, M D Henig, C Nelson, A S Goina, Geo Pettie, S C Spelding, C E Mallette, P Heckey, Jno Dougall, Willie Merryfind, W T Freeman, J H Taylor, S Thomas, D McDonald, A M Elkins, W Hammond, H Hammond, T S Gray, M McCartney, O J Anderson, I Brown, Jno Hobson, A C Hastings, J Crean, Ald Schuler, A Currie, Jno McDougall, Mrs Gilmore and daughter.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. Yosemite, from Westminster—Spratt & Gray, Nicholles & Renouf, Victoria Transfer Co, B & Ker, Jones & McNeil, Sarah Neil, J N Muir, Tollock, H Bay Co, N Portman, J Fullerton, F Norris, R P Rithet.

Per Str. Islander from Vancouver.—C Strouss, A Holmes, Findlay D & B, H Short, Lenz & Leiser, Coll Ind Revenue, J Hutchinson, Robt Ward, J W Webb, Spencer, Albion Iron Works, J Wenger, Davidson Bros, G W A Lange, Cowan, Shaw & Co, Hy Jewell, U Nelson, Steves & Jenkens, A Lewis & Co, J C Leask, Norris, McLennan & McF, Simon Leiser, Robt Irving, Mrs Stoddard, Russell McD & Co, Dom Exp Co.

Per Str. Olympian from Puget Sound.—J Weiler, S J Pitts, Wintermute Bros, Geo Morrison, Ames Holden Co, P T Johnson & Co, T N Hibben, J Meston, P McQuade, M W Waitt, Matthews R & T, A H Findley, Hudsen Bay Co, S Leiser, J A Sayward.

BIRTH.

Brenton.—On the 4th instant, the wife of the Rev. C. J. Brenton, of a daughter.

WANTED,

2,000 lots of ladies' and gents' new and cast-off clothing, by April 25th. N. Pointer, No. 85 Johnson street, cor. of Broad. *

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G Doughty, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets, Fell & Co.'s, Fort street, or E. C. Kellogg's, cor. Yates and Douglas sts, will be promptly attended to. *ap26-1y

LITTLE LOCALS.

Stationery at Daley's, 91 Douglas St. *

For Sheffield razors pocket knives, scissors, table cutlery, etc., go to M. & H. A. Fox, 78 Government street.

Baby Carriages, first arrived just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort St.

The Islander had 211 passengers from the mainland on Friday—the largest number yet.

Judge Bole's title to his Blaine property has been confirmed in the Westminster Supreme Court.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of interior wall decorations, at John Weiler's, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

The New Cotton Pongees, Plain Colors only, at the City House. *

Carpenters Tools, at R. A. Brown and Co.'s, Douglas street.

Mr. W. Whyte caught 27 trout, weighing 22 pounds, with fly in the Cowichan River on Good Friday.

Tuesday evening's conversazione in the Reformed Episcopal church promises to be the best of the season.

A beautiful line of cutlery and plated-ware has just been received by McLennan & McFeely, 70 Yates street.

Stone Churns, Butter Crocks, etc., at R. A. Brown and Co.'s, Douglas street.

The time for receiving tenders for the erection of the new Roman Catholic cathedral has been extended to the 1 th inst.

Thirty-eight bags of Eastern mail was received here Friday evening. Altogether, the postoffice staff handled 55 bags of incoming mail on that day.

John Haggerty has secured the contract for the excavating work for the Canada Western Hotel, and will commence operations on Monday.

Take your misfitting suits to the "Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Establishment," there they can be made to fit you at a small cost. Jno. T. Pierre, prop., 96 Yates street.

Pruning Knives, Garden Rakes, Forks, and Spades, at R. A. Brown and Co.'s, Douglas street.

A Toronto despatch says: Rev. Coverdale Watson, of Toronto, formerly of British Columbia, will return to British Columbia to reside permanently.

The steward of the Royal Hospital wishes to thank Mrs. Earle and Mrs. Goodacre for parcels of clothing, and Miss McCandlish for reading matter.

Mr. Bales, of Johnson's Landing, is agitating the necessity of some scheme to dyke the low-lying lands along the Fraser in that section of the district.

J. B. Kerr has been appointed city editor of the Vancouver News-Advertiser, vice R. E. Gosnell, resigned. Mr. Gosnell goes into the commission business.

If you are intending going East, make a note of the C. P. R. excursions and specially fitted colonist sleepers. First-class travel at second-class rates. Robt. Irving, agent. tf

The San Francisco Bridge Company is making good progress at the repairs to the North Arm bridges. It is expected that the work will be completed in a fortnight.

A skiff 15 feet long and painted white, with a bright gunwale, has been stolen from the navy yard, Esquimalt, and a reward of $40 has been offered for its recovery.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Calvary Baptist Church will give a concert in Temperance Hall on Wednesday evening, 9th inst., when "The Colloquy of Nations" will be given in costume.

The Moral Reform Society holds its monthly public meeting in Temperance Hall, Pandora street, next Saturday (5th). Chair at 8 p. m. punctually. Rev. Mr. Rugg and Mr. Teague will deliver addresses on some of the live issues of the hour, attractive to all and suggestive of thought and action to temperance people.

It is now generally admitted that the Olympian is in point of speed the superior of the City of Kingston on smooth water. The Kingston's owners however claim that their boat would have a decided advantage in rough water.

The members of the C. E. Mission, Victoria West, will hold a concert in aid of the organ fund, in their rooms, next Thursday evening. Refreshments and a splendid programme will form the features of the evening.

A few more canaries, guaranteed good singers, have been placed in our hands for sale. McLennan & McFeely, 70 Yates St. *

The finest line of perfumes, toilet sets and fancy soaps, etc., is to be had at John Teague, jr.'s drug store, Poodle Dog block, Yates street. Prescriptions carefully compounded at any hour of the day or night. Telephone call 469.

Mr. J. Dixon has presented to the park a full-rigged bark, which he has been working on for the past six months. The bark, with sails trimmed, will be anchored in Goodacre Lake. The park committee tender Mr. Dixon many thanks for his gift.

The strike at the Royal City Planing Mills, Westminster, has ended, the management acceding to the demands of the men. The demand was for three hours on Saturday afternoon, practically making the labor week end at 3 o'clock, instead of 6 p. m., on Saturday, with no reduction of wages.

$275 is very cheap for a lot in any part of the city, on the street car line. Look at those offered by Bourchier, Croft & Mallette.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

The Wires Down.

The wires went down early last night between this city and Nanaimo, depriving The Colonist of its usual telegraphic report.

Cheap Carpet.

Carpet, one yard wide, in good colors, selling three yards for one dollar, at Russell, McDonald & Co.'s opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

Pennock & Clayton's Watch Club.

At the drawing of Pennock & Clayton's watch clubs last evening W. Watson was the winner in club 1, and A. Heathorn in club 2.

Travelers.

The steamer Umatilla sailed yesterday morning from San Francisco with the following passengers for Victoria: E. J. Hewlings, Miss Broderick, W. G. Peterson, H. F. Clinton and R. Borthwick.

Sealers' Luck.

Capt. Christensen, of the tug Lorne, reports speaking the sealing schooners Viva and Hamilton Lewis, off Cape Flattery on Good Friday. The Viva had 152 skins aboard and all well; the Lewis, Capt. Alex. McLean, reported a catch of 200 odd.

City Police Court.

In this court yesterday morning five drunks were fined $5 each. S. Marvopen and Jno. Doherty were fined $5 each for infractions of the health by-law. Tai Chung, on remand, charged with altering a wooden building, was remanded until Tuesday. Kwong Tai Lung, charged with an infraction of the health by-law in killing pigs on his premises on Cormorant street, was also remanded until Tuesday.

Death on the Rail.

The first accident due to the operation of the street railway occurred yesterday afternoon, when a horse owned by M. R. Smith, and driven by his son, was struck by a car on James Bay bridge and instantly killed. The horse took fright at the car as it approached and suddenly sidled on the track in front of it before the driver could bring the car to a standstill. The deceased animal was valued at about $75.

In Memoriam.

At the right of the chancel in the Reformed Episcopal church a beautiful memorial window has just been placed to keep in memory the name of the late Mrs. Thomas Harris. The design is particularly graceful, and the glass, which was imported from England, very warm and harmonious in its colors. The subject is "Dorcas distributing gifts to the poor," a subject well handled and in every way appropriate. The window was presented by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wilson.

A Still Alarm.

A still alarm was sent into the central station yesterday morning from the Poodle Dog building, where a defective flue had caused smoke to get between the floor and ceiling. On investigation it was found that the smoke had originally come from a fire in one of the stores in the new block at the corner of Broad street, and traveling through the walls, had finally flooded the Poodle Dog premises, where, before the fire was located, considerable damage was done by the axes.

Growing Business.

The steamer Princess Louise left for Skidegate and all way landings on Friday afternoon. She had an unusually large passenger list, and her freight capacity was entirely occupied. Owing to the large amount of cannery supplies going up, it has been found necessary for the transaction of business on the northern route, to place another steamer on the regular service. The Maude has been selected and is now loading, principally with tin plates for Rivers' Inlet and the Skeena. She leaves for these ports this evening.

On Tuesday Evening.

The Y. P. L. A. of the First Presbyterian church will give another of their popular entertainments on Tuesday evening next, to close the winter season. A glimpse at the programme shows it to be fully up to the high standard of the former concerts given by this society. Among those to take part are Misses Humber and O'Neil, vocalists, and Miss McGregor, elocutionist, who appears for the first time. The gentlemen taking part are Messrs. Brown, Kinnaird, Moir, Grant, Firth, Landells, vocalists, and Mr. Nash, violinist.

Good Friday.

The weather on Friday was all that could be wished for, and many of Victoria's citizens enjoyed the opportunity of spending the day at the principal pleasure resorts of the city, Beacon Hill and the Gorge receiving the largest patronage. At the Hill the baseball match between the James Bays and the Albion Iron Works resulted in an easy win for the former. Lacrosse, football and other games were also indulged in. The Arm was covered with boats of all kinds, while a number of fishermen, some of whom brought home good catches, occupied the banks of the lakes and streams around the city.

Street Cars a Public Boon.

Owing to the convenience afforded by the new street cars, the undersigned have decided to reduce their prices for city tuning.

Single tuning $2.50, four times a year $8.00.

FROM OUR FAVORITE BARITONE.

Dear Sir,—The piano bought from you a year ago for the Young People's Association of the First Presbyterian Church, has given satisfaction in every way. The test has been a severe one, the instrument having been in the school-room subjected to all kinds of temperature with only a cloth cover. The organist, Miss Stephen, as well as the various instrumentalists who have used it are united in praising its action and tone. I can only add that I enjoy singing a song, when the accompaniment is played on a "Goodwin."

Yours faithfully, John G. Brown,
Choirmaster First Presbyterian Church, Victoria.

The above testimonials and several others may be seen at the factory, corner of Fort and Broad streets.

Telephone 98. Goodwin & Co.

Freight and Trade Notes.

The Olympian last evening brought one carload of furniture, one of coal oil, one of wagon materials and one of mixed merchandise.

The freight by the Walla Walla on Friday consisted of 94 mats beans, 9 bales of deer skins and 522 bales of salt hides.

The hardware merchants are busy at present shipping farm implements to mainland and Island farmers, some are even marking their goods on the wharves as they arrive and re-shipping them.

Steamer Yosemite brought a full load of hay from the Fraser on Friday.

In the Islander's outgoing freight yesterday morning was a large shipment of cheese for Shanghai, to be taken by the Parthia, now loading. Every Oriental steamer now carries cheese from Victoria to the port named.

A number of our enterprising merchants are already preparing for the summer trade, three carloads of fruit jars having been received by the C.P.R. from Toronto during the past week. Earthenware has also come in by the carload within the same period, from Ontario, showing that Keller & Burris will find a ready market for their products as soon as their new pottery is put in operation. Agricultural implements continue to be distributed throughout the province from Victoria, five carloads being received in the last few days. Two cars of paper, six of sugar and one of cordage from Halifax have also arrived by the Islander during the week past. From these notes it will be seen that spring shipments are increasing yearly, and that Victoria still maintains her pre-eminence as the distributing point for all British Columbia.

"A Word to the Wise."

Before purchasing a dollar's worth of spring clothing call and examine the exceptionally fine stock now being opened at the Golden Rule Clothing Store, 40 Yates street. * tf

Branching Out.

At the sheriff's sale of Whitfield Bros' stock at Nanaimo yesterday, Mr. A. B. Erskine was the highest bidder, and the stock is accordingly now his. It is his intention to open a branch of his Victoria business in Nanaimo at once.

I.O.G.T. Picnic.

About 75 ladies and gentlemen, members of the I. O. G.T. lodges of Victoria, Esquimalt and Victoria West, left the Blue Ribbon hall on Friday morning in the 'bus "Young America" and other vehicles, for Cedar Hill, where they held their annual picnic. A pleasant time was spent by all present, in the games and methods dear to the hearts of picnickers, boating and bathing owing to the chilliness of the day being dispensed with.

For the Public Safety.

On and after the first day of next month the U. S. inspector of hulls and boilers will require all passenger boats running on the Sound running night and day to carry two pilots. At present the majority of the boats carry but one pilot, and he is usually the captain. The law requires that there shall be a pilot in the pilot-house during all of the time that a passenger boat is running, and makes the penalty for breaking the same a fine of $100 per trip, a run from one end of the route to the other constituting a trip.

A Need Supplied.

Dr. McGregor, the librarian, has made out a full and excellently arranged catalogue of books in the free public library. By referring to this book the borrower can readily find any book that he wants. If he knows either the title or the nature of the book, or the name of the author, he can, it it is in the library, readily find its number. A glance through the catalogue, which is in a convenient form, will convince the reader that Victoria's free library contains many very useful and interesting books, and that it is something more than the neucleus of a very fine collection of books.

In Victoria West.

The first entertainment given under the auspices of the recently organized Good Templar lodge at Victoria West was held last evening, when about seventy-five were present. The following was the programme: Trio, piano, clarionet, and cornet, Mrs. Hall, Messrs. Brown and Peart; solo, Mr. Grant; violin solo, Mr. H. Welsh; reading, Miss Crook; vocal duet, Misses Robertson and Swan; solo, Miss Russell; reading, Mr. H. Shakespeare; solo, Mr. J. G. Brown; recitation, Miss G. Campbell; violin solo, Mr. Kettle; vocal duet, Miss Campbell and Mr. Grant; the whole concluding with the farce "Arabella's poor relations" by the Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Club. The Victoria West hall boasts of one of the prettiest drop curtains in the province, it depicts a scene in Venice and was painted by Miss and Mr. A. Semple.

THROUGH FOREIGN SPECTACLES.

Ex-Ald. Harris Tells How British Columbia Appears to Londoners—Meagre Information—The Canada Northern.

Ex-Ald. D. R. Harris, of Lowenberg, Harris & Co., reached home again on Friday evening, having spent several months very pleasantly in the old country. Most of his time was taken up by the business which called him to London, where he met among other Victorians, ex-Ald. Styles, Dr. and Mrs. Powell, B. W. Pearse and Sir Joseph Trutch. All were well, although Mr. Styles suffered very severely from the effects of his ocean trip.

"One of the most striking examples of ignorance in regard to British Columbia that came under my notice," said Mr. Harris, talking to a Colonist man yesterday, "was the manner in which the cable office in London confounds Vancouver Island with Vancouver. I sent an important cablegram while in London, addressed to 'Victoria, Vancouver Island,'—an address that one would think could not be misunderstood. Five days later my message was returned. The London cable office people had changed the address to 'Vancouver, Columbia, and then claimed that the despatch was insufficiently addressed. In the post offices as well as the telegraph offices of England, the same ignorance of the geography of this province exists, and I think our government should lose no time in furnishing the necessary information and seeing that it is understood by the English officials."

British Columbia's progress, the character of its resources, and its inducements to capitalists and settlers were not sufficiently understood in England, said Mr. Harris, principally because British Columbians had not seen to it that their country was intelligently advertised. The pamphlets to be found in Mr. Beeton's office were a good many years old, and consequently the information contained in them was out of date and practically useless.

During the ex-alderman's stay in the metropolis, the new bank of British Columbia, on Lombard street, was opened for business. The new building is of handsome stone, lined with white tiles, and furnished throughout in the most modern and elegant style. Messrs. Lowenberg, Harris & Co. have also just opened a London office, where fresh and reliable information in regard to British Columbia will in future be supplied to all applicants. The firm has at present in the hands of the printers a large and complete book about British Columbia and Victoria, compiled from the latest and best sources and edited by a prominent man in the literary world. The work will be handsomely bound and illustrated, and will be placed in all the hotels and prominent offices of England. As a large amount of English tourist travel will be directed to British Columbia this year, the book cannot but do good.

While in London Mr. Harris had the pleasure of a chat with the secretary of the Grand Trunk railway, who, in the course of conversation about railway affairs in this province, made the assertion that the surveys of the Canada Northwestern, from Winnipeg to Victoria, would, without doubt, be commenced this spring. The Grand Trunk and Northern Pacific would unite to build the road, and build it, too, without any unnecessary delay. The new line will cross Bute Inlet, and the western terminus, Victoria, will be reached by an extension of the Island road.

The new subdivision of Victoria comprises Lots 7 and 8, 37 and 38 of the Work Estate. Bourchier, Croft & Mallette.

Humboldt's Scientific Library, cloth and paper editions, at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

Fresh Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery Government street. Young Bros., o4 Telephone call No. 161.

The "Queen" brand of hams and bacon, cut from Iowa corn-fed hogs, cured in granulated sugar and smoked with corn cobs, specially for those who can appreciate a good article. Ask your grocer for "Queen" brand. marltf

The New Game—The Spider and The Fly, at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

"CHRIST IS RISEN."

The Festival of Easter in the City Churches,

How Some of them are Decorated—A Feast of Flowers as Well as Music To-Day.

The Episcopalian and Roman Catholic churches are to-day fragrant with the breath of thousands of spring flowers and radiant with their beauty. For hundreds of years the arrival of Easter has been welcomed with these tributes of nature, and to-day the city churches look every bit as beautiful as they have in other years, when the decorations may perhaps have been more elaborate, though never more graceful or more artistic. Daffodils are the ruling flowers this year; the modest violet and the graceful lily claim second place in the adornment of the city temples. The decorators, owing to the backward spring, have found themselves in considerable difficulty. Wild flowers are very scarce, and daisies and daffodils only can be obtained in abundance. The lilies used in Christ Church Cathedral were brought all the way from San Francisco.

As the ladies of the several churches have devoted their time and ingenuity to making them beautiful, a brief description of the result of their labors, as well as particulars of the services arranged for to-day, will be in order.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

Very pretty does the church on the Hill look to-day. The altar is covered with sweet-smelling hyacinths and calla lilies, and great bouquets of the same choice flowers stand upon it; at the sides are large crosses of daffodils, and over it the legend, "Jesus Christ is Risen to-day." The altar rails are festooned with spring flowers, lightly and gracefully arranged. For this part of the decorations Miss Davie, Mrs. Goldschmidt, Miss Work and Miss Gaudin are to be thanked. The chancel screen is in a series of open work arches, covered with moss, and relieved with bunches of spring flowers. The design originated with Miss Mildred Drake, who also did all the work. The pulpit is decorated in panels of ivory white, bordered with moss, upon which are tasteful designs—crosses and crowns—in lilies and violets. The base is of moss and ivy, almost hidden under a wealth of daffodils. Mrs. Robert Ward and Miss F. King were the artists, while Mrs. Ward also presented the white and gold antependium which adorns the pulpit. The font, trimmed in rare taste by Mrs. Walby and Miss King, does great credit to their deft fingers and artistic ability. With moss, ivy and spring flowers for the base, the sides covered with symbolic designs in daffodils and violets, and the top lost in a wealth of bright blossoms, a most charming effect is produced. A floral cross rises from the centre of the font, and a snowy dove is perched upon one corner.

The following is the programme of to-day's services:

Holy Communion 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Holy Communion 11 a. m.
To Deum—Hutchinson in E.
Jubilate—Jackson in A.
Kyrie—Bridgewater.
Anthem—"Christ is risen from the dead."
Children's Service, 3 p. m.
Evening Prayer, 7 p. m.
Magnificat—Claic in D.
Nunc Dimittis—Claic in D.
Anthem—"Why seek ye the living among the dead," with bass and tenor solos.
Offertory Anthem—"Calvary," by Rodney, with bass solo.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

Over the altar in this pretty little church, always tastefully adorned at Easter, is an immense cross of waxy white calla lilies, whose perfume fills the sanctuary. Baskets of daffodils and laurestinus, suspended in the centre of fragile festoons of fern, form the decorations of the altar rail. Mrs. Bourchier having originated and perfected this pretty part of the church adornment. The choir screen is finished in panels of white, having in their centre appropriate designs in violets and daffodils. A framework of fern for each panel completes the effect. Of this part of the church Mrs. Saunders, Miss Woods and Miss Monro had charge, and well did they do their work of beautifying it. The reading desk rises from a mound of ferns, smilax and ivy, relieved with flowers of every hue. The desk proper supports a wreath of daffodils, with bunches of violets to throw the circle of golden yellow into relief. Mrs. Rhodes was the presiding genius here. Miss O'Rielly decorated the font in her usual original and artistic manner; moss, lilies, violets and daffodils being the materials called into service.

The choir for the past month have been preparing the music which will be given to-day, when both services will be full choral. The anthem, "Christ Being Raised from the Dead," with a bass and alto solo, will be sung morning and evening. Dyke's service will be sung in the morning and Mark's service in the evening.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH.

The ladies of this church have kept up to their former efforts and decorated their church very prettily. The font is covered with green moss and flowers of all descriptions, the desks, choir rail and window sills being adorned with the same materials. Everything tends to make the little edifice look bright and cheerful to-day, on this great festival of the Christian Church.

At 8 o'clock this morning communion services will be held, as well as the regular services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. During the morning service an anthem will be given in which Mrs. Jay and Miss Bowden take a splendid duet; and in the evening Mrs. Goepel will sing a solo.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

The usual Easter day services will be held in this church to-day, Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge preaching in the morning, and Rev. Dr. Reid in the evening. The anthem "Jesus Christ is Risen to-day" will be sung both morning and evening, with solo by Miss Mouatt.

PANDORA STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

Services at the usual hours to-day, the pulpit being occupied by Rev. Alex. Tait, of Kamloops. Special music has been arranged by the choir under Mr. J. G. Brown.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN.

The Easter sermons in this church will be preached by the Rev. Mr. Maguire, of Tacoma. Music of an especially good quality will also be furnished by the choir, under the leadership of Prof. Fenwick.

CALVARY BAPTIST.

Rev. M. L. Rugg, the pastor, will preach both morning and evening. Special music by the choir.

Y. M. C. A.

Services will be held in the Y. M. C. A. hall to-day as follows: At 9.30 a. m., Bible training class; gospel services at 4 p. m., address by Mr. John Calvert, and evangelistic services at 8.15 p.m., addresses by Mr. H. A. Sutherland.

ST. ANDREW'S R. C. PRO-CATHEDRAL.

The ladies upon whom devolved the task of dressing the altars at St. Andrew's pro-cathedral for the Easter Festival, have devoted no little time and taste to the pleasing duty, and the three altars have been made to assume a beautiful appearance with the aid of flowers, lace and scores of wax candles. The high altar has been dressed by Miss McDowell, the altar of the Sacred Heart by Miss Skinner, and the altar of the Blessed Virgin by Mrs. Tilton, Miss Macaulay and Miss Keenan. The usual Easter services will be held to-day, mass and communion at 8 a.m., pontifical high mass at 10.30 a.m., and pontifical vespers and benediction in the evening.

THE STEAMBOAT DEAL.

Transfer of the Amelia and Rainbow to the C.P.N. Co. Completed.

Yesterday morning the negotiations which have been in progress for several weeks between the C. P. N. Co. and Messrs. Turner, Beeton & Co. in regard to the transfer of the steamers Amelia and Rainbow to the former corporation, were finally completed, and the two boats passed into the hands of the C. P. N. Co., which now has a monopoly of the Mainland-Island business. The amount of money moving in the transaction is not made public, but it is said to have been in the neighborhood of $25,000.

Capt. John Irving, manager of the C. P. N. Co., is at present at Ottawa, and in his absence the officials left in charge decline to say anything in regard to the service for which the newly acquired boats are intended. A shrewd guess, and the one generally accepted as correct in marine circles, however, is that the Amelia will be placed on the Nanaimo-Vancouver route, and the Rainbow be reduced to the class and work of the Maude.

$275 buys a lot 400 yards from the street cars. Terms. 1-3 cash; balance 6 months. Bourchier, Croft & Mallette are the brokers.

ALONG THE WHARVES.

Items of Interest to Marine Men, Picked Up Along the Decks.

Schooner Annie C. Moore returned to Esquimalt on Friday morning, having put back on account of adverse wind. The Pathfinder is in Peddar Bay, also wind bound.

Tug Hope brought down a boom of logs from Sayward's logging camp on Friday, and left last evening for James and Valdez islands with supplies for the camps. She also took the scow Bonanza up.

Steamer Lottie brought in a scow load of dry lumber yesterday, and returned to Sooke with provisions.

Steamer Boscowitz leaves for the north on Tuesday.

Steamer Etta White arrived from Moodyville on Sunday and returned last evening with two large scows.

Bark Glenbervie was towed to sea Friday.

Schooner Lottie arrived from Boundary Bay yesterday with a full load of produce.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short-weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., 107 Wall Street, New York. au15-1y

OPENING DAYS.

Grand Display —of— MILLINERY —on— Wednesday and Thursday

AT THE Manchester House, YATES STREET.

THOS. HAUGHTON & CO. mc14-6m.

JOHN BOYD, Importer and Wholesale WINE AND TEA MERCHANT, No. 100 Wharf st., Victoria, B. C. my4

CATHEDRAL ORGANIST

The position of organist to Christ Church Cathedral, Victoria, B. C., is now vacant. Candidates are invited to apply, stating qualifications fully, to Rev. A. Beanlands, Christ Church Rectory, Victoria, B. C. mc23

CANARIES FOR SALE

Cocks and Hens. Apply to W. R. Clarke. mc28

CHINESE DOCTOR.

Dr. Wong Him, late (for 16 years) of Los Angeles, California. Office—4 Cormorant street, next to King, Tye & Co.'s. P.O. Box 320. fv286m

GEO. A. SARGISON, NOTARY PUBLIC, Accountant & Agent, 48 LANGLEY ST. ap27

THE WESTSIDE, Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

We Believe Truth is the Corner Stone

To-day of permanently profitable advertising.

Whatever statements are made must be backed up by merit.

It is useless to say we have goods at such and such a price unless we really have them.

It is no good to say they are cheap unless we are sure such is the fact.

The experience gained during a long period in the Dry Goods business, together with ample facilities, enables us to sell first-class goods as low, if not lower, than any other house (we make no exception whatever.)

We are convinced that our stock for the Spring exceeds any heretofore offered, and, confident of our ability to give satisfaction, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

Bonnets, Faille Francaise, and Lyons Cachmere, Merveilleux, Moire, Satin Luxor, Liberty, and Pongee Silks, A superb line of beautiful goods, extra good value.

About 200 FRENCH DRESS PATTERNS, (no two alike), all new shades and designs, manufactured for and strictly confined to ourselves. We believe these to be the very choicest goods that will be exhibited in Victoria this Spring.

Henriettas, Cashmeres, and Cashmere des Indes, noted for fineness of finish, durability of wear, and brilliancy of dye.

CHALLES, PERCALES, CHAMBREYS, IN GREAT VARIETY, With colored Embroidery to match.

MOURNING MATERIALS AND CRAPES A SPECIALTY.

THE WESTSIDE.

THE WESTSIDE

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

By Express TO-DAY we received Spring assortment of the celebrated Alexandre Napoleon Kid Gloves, also 98 dozen of the "WESTSIDE GLOVE."

This beautiful elastic Maltese X glove is fully guaranteed and sold at regular price, viz.: $1.25 for four and $1.50 for six-button. Musquetaire Suede in Evening and Tan shades only, from four to sixteen button length.

Pure silk mitts and gloves in good assortment Taffeta and Lisle in great variety.

—HOSIERY—

Ladies' Silk and spun silk, Lisle Thread, Balbriggan, Cashmere, etc. In these goods we handle J. & R. Morley's best makes.

—WOOLS—

16 ounces to the lb. Berlin, Saxony, and Beehive, all at 10c. per oz.

DRESS & MANTLE MAKING.

MISS HIND, of London, England, and late of W. A. Murray & Co.'s, Toronto, has charge of our Dressmaking department. Estimates given and price of garment fixed when order is taken.

JACKETS, MANTLES, JERSEYS, Dolmanettes, Blouses, &c.

—ALSO—

JACKETING AND MANTLE CLOTHS, In New Patterns and Shades.

J. HUTCHESON & CO., 70 Government Street, VICTORIA.

April 4th, 1890.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED. J. CLAXTON.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON

64 YATES STREET,

Will Sell the following Properties on Easy Terms:

House and Lot,	Chatham Street,	$2,800
Do.	Hillside Avenue,	6,000
Do.	Quadra Street,	6,000
Do.	Cook Street,	8,500
4 Houses and Store,	North Park Street,	8,500
8 Acres cleared,	Burnside Road,	8,000
Houses and Lot,	Humboldt Street,	4,000
2 Lots,	Cobourg and Oswego Streets,	1,350
3 Lots,	Esquimalt Road,	1,800
39 Acres,	East Saanich Road,	
House and Lot,	Chatham Street,	3,000
Lot,	Esquimalt,	900
226 Acres,	East Saanich Road,	15,000

Lots and Acres on Cadboro Bay Road, Esquimalt Road, and Gorge Road.

CALL AND SEE OUR LISTS.

The most extensive in the city.

We are offering 15 acres, in acre lots, on the Fowl Bay Road, very cheap, and terms easy. Call and see place and get prices.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON.

Opening of French Millinery and Fashionable Spring Wraps and Jackets, TO-DAY, at SPENCER'S ARCADE.

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

Have now a complete stock of Men's and Boy's Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., for Winter wear.

A large assortment of CHRISTY'S Hats in the new styles, Mackintoshes and Umbrellas.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEVLIN THE GROCER.

Being in sympathy with the short hour movement, and having confidence in his straightforward style of doing biz, gives notice that on and after 15th April he will close his Store at Six o'clock, p. m., sharp. Mechanics and others should note the innovation, and should their requirements so order, I shall be pleased to have my Porter call at your residence for such orders as you may require. At the same time I guarantee (quality considered) best value in this booming town.

I am not awfully anxious to amass a fortune, and do not profess to sell goods at cost, but do claim to sell at prices to enable ALL to buy at living rates, and in the end to rise up and exclaim

"Why did I not know it sooner."

At the same time I don't claim to be a Wharf St. Wholesaler and sell at cost, I am not a WHOLESALER, but I am a Retail Grocer, to be found at the CORNER OF Yates and Broad Streets, VICTORIA, B. C. ap2-6mos-dw

MRS. ALBERT J. CLYDE, —FASHIONABLE— DRESS & MANTLE MAKER

Parlors over Victoria House, Denny's Block, - Government street. All orders promptly filled. P. O. Box 475 Victoria, B. C. ap1-1m

CHOICE PROPERTY.

I have now on my large list of properties for sale,

THREE ACRES,

One of the choicest residence sites in Victoria, adjoining the Lieutenant-Governor's Grounds, and commanding a magnificent view of the Straits and Mountains. The land has a gentle slope, has a large frontage on a fifty-foot street, and is really the best and cheapest piece of property in the market. $4,000 per acre is asked for property a short distance from this.

THIS IS A BARGAIN, and will not remain long unsold. Any one requiring a fine residence site in the best residence quarter of the city should at once call and secure this.

T. G. RAYNER, TROUNCE AVENUE, Adjoining Garesche, Green & Co. ap2

FOR SALE.

The whole of that beautiful property situate at Maple Bay on the east coast of Vancouver Island, consisting of

160 Acres of Land and 13 Town Lots.

The lots are mostly planted with fruit trees which bear the finest fruit on the Island. There is a large two-story Hotel nearly new, besides the old hotel, store, etc.; also barn, granary, stables; a blacksmith shop, with a good kit of tools; a water tank of 10,000 gallons capacity, for supplying steamboats. The "Isabel" and "Rainbow" call here once a week to and from Victoria and Nanaimo.

Maple Bay is the principal outlet of the great Cowichan Valley, and is also connected by good roads with the E. & N. Railway, being only six miles from Duncan's or Somenos Stations. The bay is a most beautiful spot and is landlocked, which would make it a good locality for a saw mill. As a summer resort, having the nicest beach in the world for bathing, it is unsurpassed. The soil is composed largely of decomposed clamshells, and hundreds of chickens could be raised; while thousands of acres of hillside lands afford a chance for profitable sheep raising. There is a post office and store connected with the hotel.

WM. BEAUMONT.

Cadboro Bay Road, Victoria, March 24, 1890. ap3-6mo-eod

BIG BARGAIN.

Centre Board Boat for Sale.

Length 36 feet. Beam 12 feet. BUILT BY ROBINSON.

A staunch boat in every respect, and very cosy. Will float in 12 inches of water. Price $525 cash; worth double.

W. H. DANBY, 57 Government Street. P. O. Box 314. Telephone No. 474. ap2-1mo

China and Japan FANCY GOODS.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of CELEBRATED TEA, Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.

—ALSO—

PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,

And Curios of every description imported by every steamer direct from China and Japan.

Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,

HANG WO HING KEE, Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street. fy 25-12mo

Faber's Golden Female Pills.



For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health and Money; take no other. Sent to any address, secure by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address—THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY, Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, Or. ap3-12mo-eod